



November 4, 2020

Garrisons Lake Boat Ramp Reconstruction DFW Contract No. NAT20001-Garrisons Addendum 2: Question Responses and Drawing Revisions

- 1. Section 6/C105 shows what appears to be vinyl D bumper on wood fenders mounted to each side of the sidewalk. Is this required on the sidewalk since it is above OHW elevation and one side is buried in riprap?
 - a. RESPONSE: Bumper is to be placed on sidewalk to provide protection from trailers and vehicles.
- 2. Section 6/C105 shows 4" x 4" curbs at each edge of the sidewalk. The plan view on the same plan page shows aluminum handrail on the riprap side. Please clarify if you want the curb or handrail on the riprap side of the sidewalk.
 - a. RESPONSE: Handrails are to be placed on rip-rap side. Handrail will be included in the GatorDock equipment/material provided by Division of Fish and Wildlife.
- 3. The plan view on C105 shows proposed grade lines beyond the LOD. Clearing and fill placement will be required to achieve these proposed grades. Do you want the grading as shown? If so, you will need to adjust the LOD and associated CFL placement.
 - a. RESPONSE: Revised Construction Displays provided:
 - i. Sheet C103; Revision 2; Adjusted Compost Filter Log and Limit of Disturbance; 11-03-2020
 - ii. Sheet C104; Revision 1; Provided New Detail 5/C104; 11-03-2020
 - iii. Sheet C104; Revision 1; Provided New Detail 5/C104; 11-03-2020
- 4. Section 5/104 shows riprap to be placed from proposed grade down to the OHW elevation. Do you want riprap placed down to the OHW elevation for all of the proposed riprap surface area shown? If so, riprap will be over 6' thick in places.
 - a. RESPONSE: Revised Construction Displays provided:
 - i. Sheet C103; Revision 2; Adjusted Compost Filter Log and Limit of Disturbance; 11-03-2020

- ii. Sheet C104; Revision 1; Provided New Detail 5/C104; 11-03-2020
- iii. Sheet C104; Revision 1; Provided New Detail 5/C104; 11-03-2020

John Sclesky, P.E.

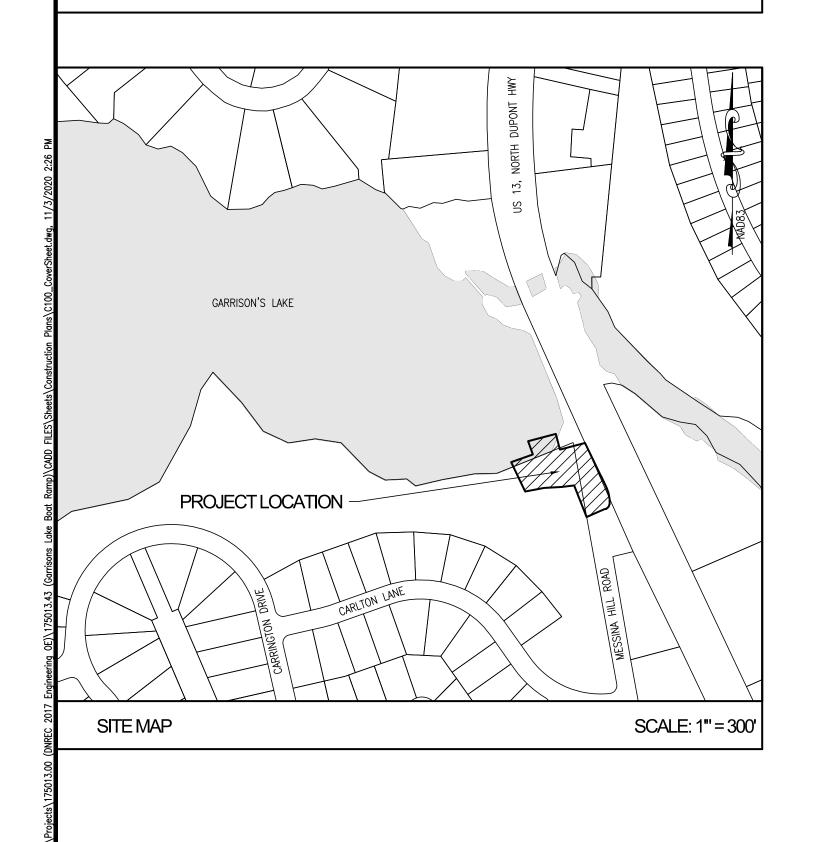
Century Engineering

PROJECT LOCATION LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1"=10 MILES

PROJECT LOCATION

SCALE: 1" = 1 MILE

AREA MAP



CONSTRUCTION PLANS

FOR

DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE GARRISON'S LAKE BOAT RAMP RECONSTRUCTION

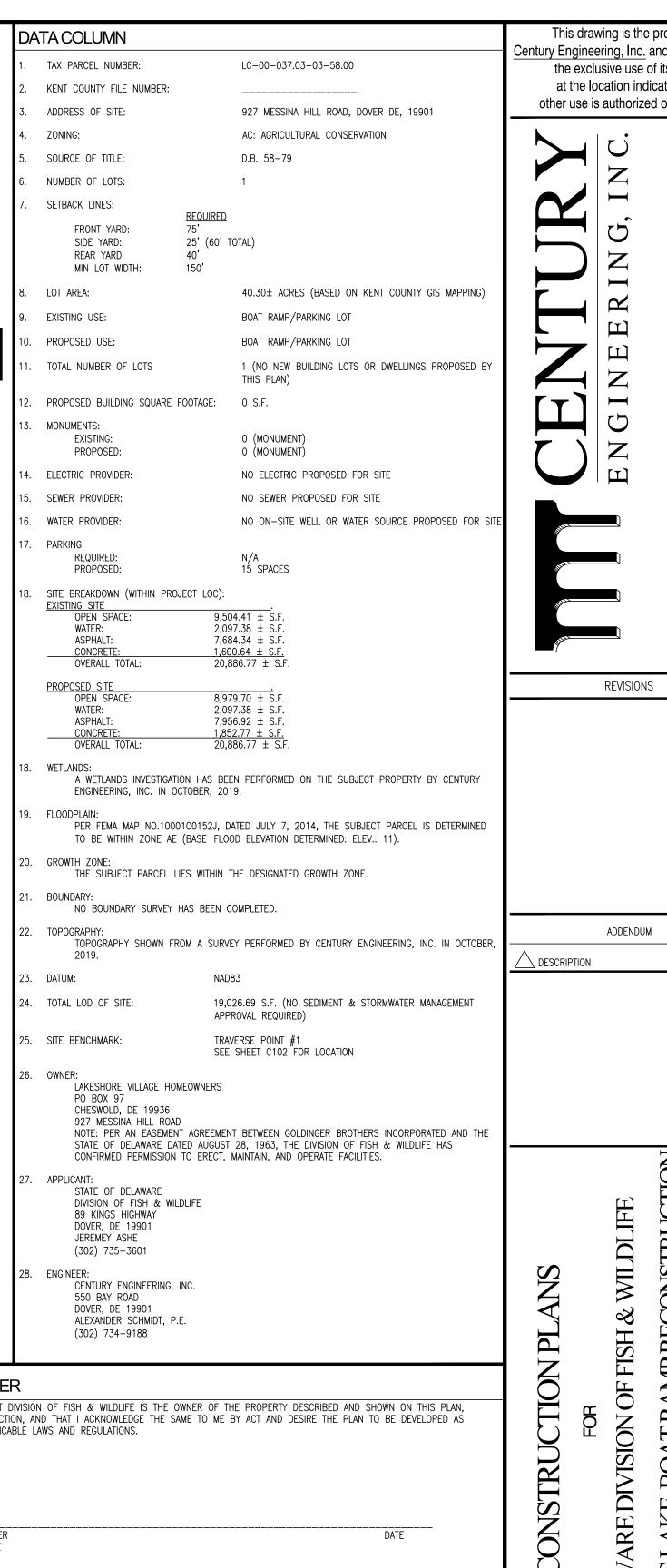
T.P. #: LC-00-037.03-03-58.00

US 13, NORTH DUPONT HIGHWAY & MESSINA HILL ROAD LITTLE CREEK HUNDRED, KENT COUNTY, DELAWARE DFW CONTRACT #: NAT20001-GARRISONS



SOIL M	AP NOT TO SCALE
SOILL	EGEND
DocB =	DOWNER SANDY LOAM, 2 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES, MID-ATLANTIC COASTAL PLAIN
Za =	ZEKIAH SANDY LOAM, FREQUENTLY FLOODED
W=	WATER

INDEX OF SH	INDEX OF SHEETS			
C100	COVERSHEET			
C101	LEGEND, PROJECT NOTES & TYPICAL SECTIONS			
C102	EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMOLITION PLAN			
C103	CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT PLAN			
C104	FIXED DOCK DETAILS SHEET			
C105	BOAT RAMP DETAILS SHEET			
C106	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS			
C107-C110	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS			

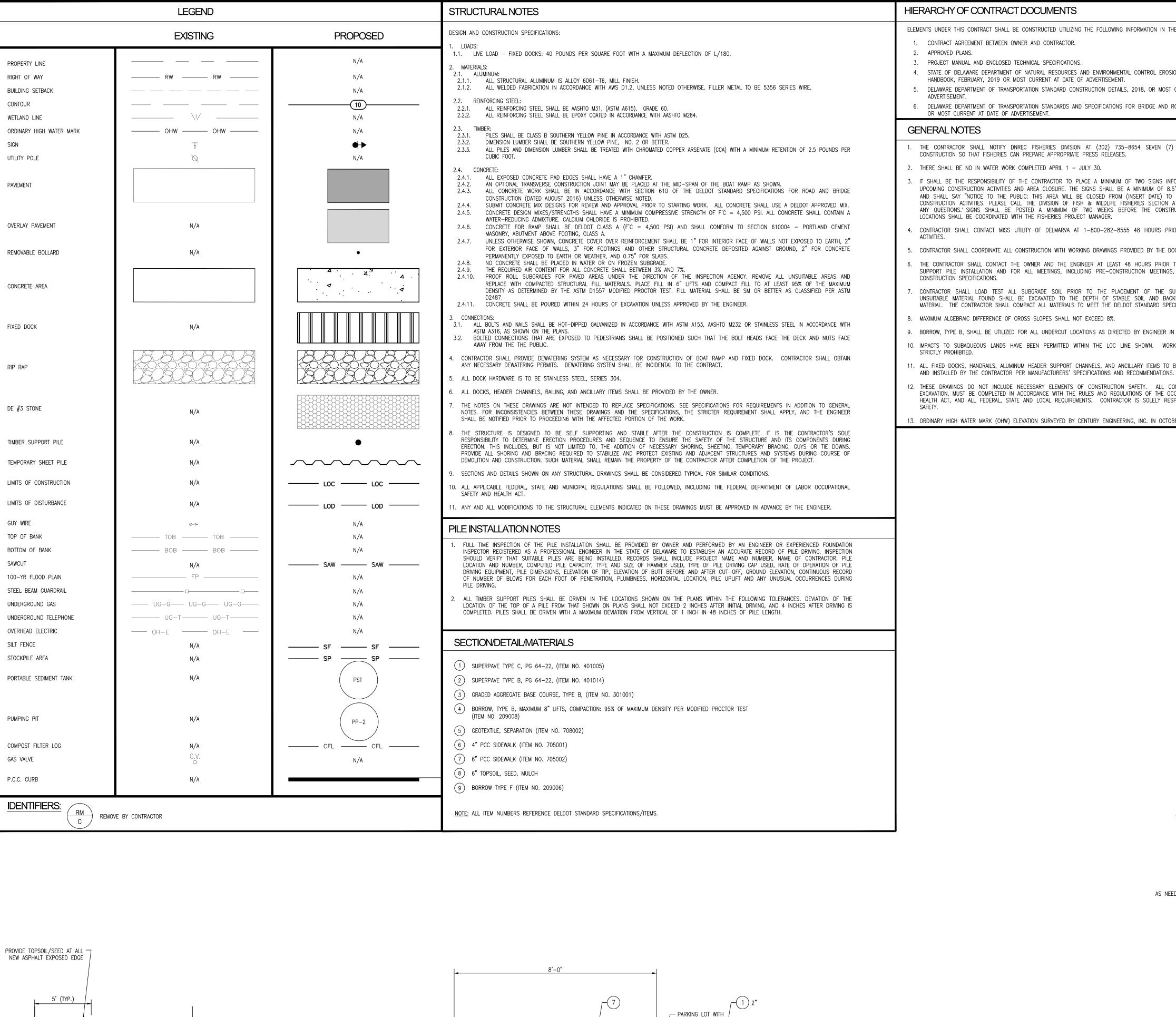


	L1UBHh		PFO1R	PF01R	PSS1T
0 0.05 0.1 0.2 WETLAND N	0.2 mi 0.4 km	- all 17		15 1111	O.S. Fish and Wildlife Scyctlands_team@fws.gov
WETLAND	LEGEND				
L1UBHh = LACU BOTTO	STRINE SYSTEM, LIMNET OM, PERMANENTLY FLOC	IC SUBSYSTEM, WITH DOED DUE TO DOWNST	UNCONSOLIDATED REAM IMPOUNDMEN	Т.	
PFO1R = PALU DECIE	STRINE SYSTEM, WITH 6 DUOUS, AND SEASONALL	s' OR TALLER FORESTE Y FLOODED—TIDAL.	ED WOODY VEGETATI	ON, WITH BROAD)—LEAVED
	STRINE SYSTEM, WITH 6 SEMIPERMANENTLY FLOO		Y VEGETATION, WITH	BROAD-LEAVED	DECIDUOUS

WETLANDS PERMITTING

A PERMIT NUMBER, CENAP-OP-2020-230-85 (NWP36), FROM THE UNITED STATES ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WAS OBTAINED TO PERMIT THI DISTURBANCES TO EXISTING FEDERALLY REGULATED WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES. A SUBAQUEOUS LANDS PERMIT FROM THE DNREC WETLANDS AND SUBAQUEOUS LANDS SECTION WILL BE SOUGHT FOR IMPACTS TO THE EXISTING STATE SUBAQUEOUS LANDS.

CERTIFICATION OF OWNER , JEREMEY ASHE, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE IS THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED AND SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, THAT THE PLAN WAS MADE AT MY DIRECTION, AND THAT I ACKNOWLEDGE THE SAME TO ME BY ACT AND DESIRE THE PLAN TO BE DEVELOPED AS SHOWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. JEREMEY ASHE- CONSTRUCTION MANAGER DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE 89 KINGS HIGHWAY DOVER, DE 19901 PHONE: (302) 735-3601 CERTIFICATION OF APPLICANT , JEREMEY ASHE, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE IS THE APPLICANT OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED AND SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, THAT THE PLAN WAS MADE AT MY DIRECTION, AND THAT I ACKNOWLEDGE THE SAME TO ME BY ACT AND DESIRE THE PLAN TO BE DEVELOPED AS SHOWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. SHEET TITLE COVERSHEET JEREMEY ASHE - CONSTRUCTION MANAGER DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE DOVER, DE 19901 PHONE: (302) 735-3601 DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** CERTIFICATION OF PLAN ACCURACY OCTOBER, 2020 , ALEXANDER SCHMIDT, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE COMPLIES WITH THE APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS AND ORDINANCES. CHK'D/DESIGNER ALEXANDER E. SCHMIDT, P.E., DE NO. 16139 **AS NOTED** CENTURY ENGINEERING, INC. 550 BAY ROAD PROJECT NO. DOVER, DELAWARE 19901 175013.43 PHONE: (302) 734-9188 / FAX: (302) 734-4589



HIERARCHY OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

ELEMENTS UNDER THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED UTILIZING THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN THE HIERARCHY LISTED BELOW

 CONTRACT AGREEMENT BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR. APPROVED PLANS.

3. PROJECT MANUAL AND ENCLOSED TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.

4. STATE OF DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, FEBRUARY, 2019 OR MOST CURRENT AT DATE OF ADVERTISEMENT.

5. DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, 2018, OR MOST CURRENT AT

6. DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR BRIDGE AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION, 2016, OR MOST CURRENT AT DATE OF ADVERTISEMENT.

GENERAL NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY DNREC FISHERIES DIVISION AT (302) 735-8654 SEVEN (7) DAYS PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION SO THAT FISHERIES CAN PREPARE APPROPRIATE PRESS RELEASES.

THERE SHALL BE NO IN WATER WORK COMPLETED APRIL 1 - JULY 30.

3. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO PLACE A MINIMUM OF TWO SIGNS INFORMING THE PUBLIC OF UPCOMING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND AREA CLOSURE. THE SIGNS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 8.5"x11" LAMINATED PAPER AND SHALL SAY "NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: THIS AREA WILL BE CLOSED FROM (INSERT DATE) TO (INSERT DATE) DUE TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. PLEASE CALL THE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE FISHERIES SECTION AT 302-739-9914 WITH ANY QUESTIONS." SIGNS SHALL BE POSTED A MINIMUM OF TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE CONSTRUCTION CLOSURE. SIGN LOCATIONS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE FISHERIES PROJECT MANAGER.

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT MISS UTILITY OF DELMARVA AT 1-800-282-8555 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION

CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION WITH WORKING DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY THE DOCK MANUFACTURER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO SHEET PILE AND/OR SUPPORT PILE INSTALLATION AND FOR ALL MEETINGS, INCLUDING PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETINGS, AS REQUIRED IN THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

CONTRACTOR SHALL LOAD TEST ALL SUBGRADE SOIL PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE SUBBASE COURSE. ALL UNSUITABLE MATERIAL FOUND SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO THE DEPTH OF STABLE SOIL AND BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED MATERIAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPACT ALL MATERIALS TO MEET THE DELDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

MAXIMUM ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE OF CROSS SLOPES SHALL NOT EXCEED 8%.

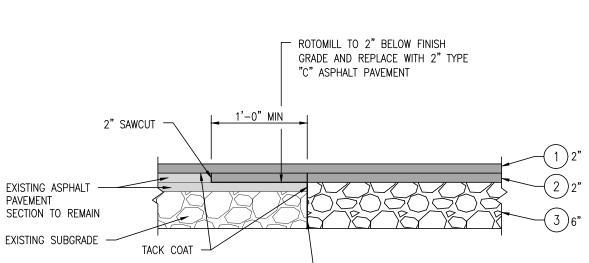
BORROW, TYPE B, SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR ALL UNDERCUT LOCATIONS AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER IN THE FIELD.

10. IMPACTS TO SUBAQUEOUS LANDS HAVE BEEN PERMITTED WITHIN THE LOC LINE SHOWN. WORK BEYOND THE LOC IS

1. ALL FIXED DOCKS, HANDRAILS, ALUMINUM HEADER SUPPORT CHANNELS, AND ANCILLARY ITEMS TO BE PROVIDED BY OWNER

12. THESE DRAWINGS DO NOT INCLUDE NECESSARY ELEMENTS OF CONSTRUCTION SAFETY. ALL CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING EXCAVATION, MUST BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT, AND ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS. CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL SITE

13. ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARK (OHW) ELEVATION SURVEYED BY CENTURY ENGINEERING, INC. IN OCTOBER 2019.



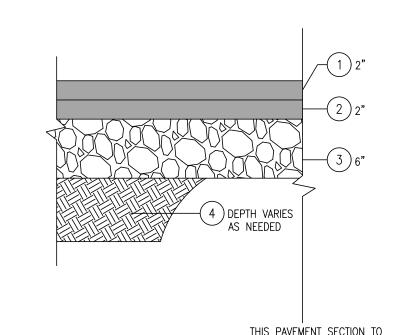
ULL DEPTH SAWCUT AT EDGE OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT -

NOTE: SEE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR DETAILS OF

GRADING IN HANDICAP ACCESSIBILE AREAS.

C101

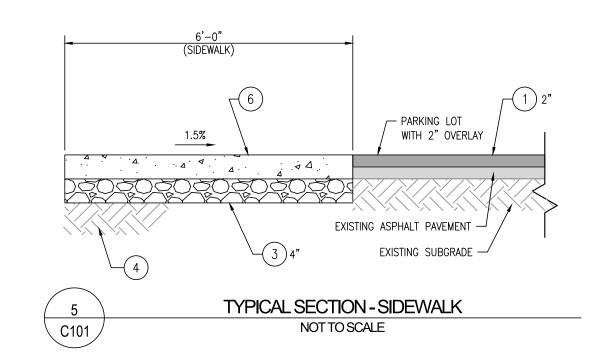
PAVEMENT DETAIL FOR ADDED PARKING LOT PAVEMENT NOT TO SCALE C101 / NOTE: SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR NEW ASPHALT PAVEMENT SECTION.

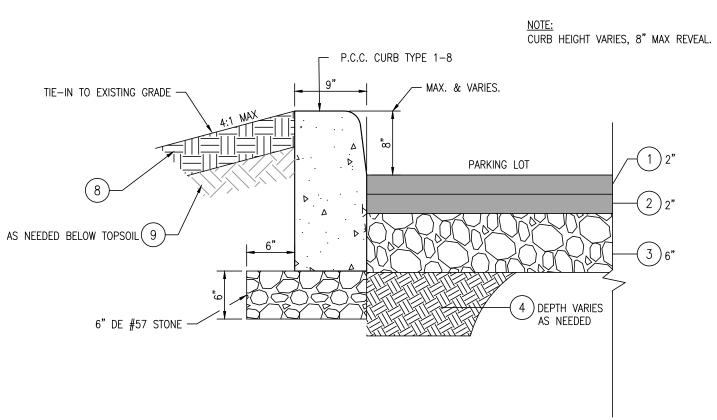


TYPICAL SECTION- FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT NOT TO SCALE

BE UTILIZED IN ALL AREAS

SHADED WITH





THIS PAVEMENT SECTION TO BE UTILIZED IN ALL AREAS NOTE: SEE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR DETAILS OF SHADED WITH [GRADING IN HANDICAP ACCESSIBILE AREAS.

TYPICAL SECTION-NEW CURB NOT TO SCALE C101 /

other use is authorized or intended.

This drawing is the property of

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at the location indicated. No

DATE

REVISIONS

ADDENDUM DESCRIPTION

SHEET TITLE

LEGEND, PROJECT NOTES & TYPICAL SECTIONS

DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020 CHK'D/DESIGNER

AES SHEET NO. **AS NOTED**

PROJECT NO. 175013.43

TYPICAL SECTION - OVERLAY PAVEMENT NOT TO SCALE C101

- TIE-IN TO EXISTING

- EXISTING

ASPHALT PAVEMENT

- EXISTING SUBGRADE

C101 €

-(9) as needed below topsoil

TIE-IN TO EXISTING GRADE —

TYPICAL SECTION - PORTABLE RESTROOM PAD

- WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT

(BOTTOM ⅓)

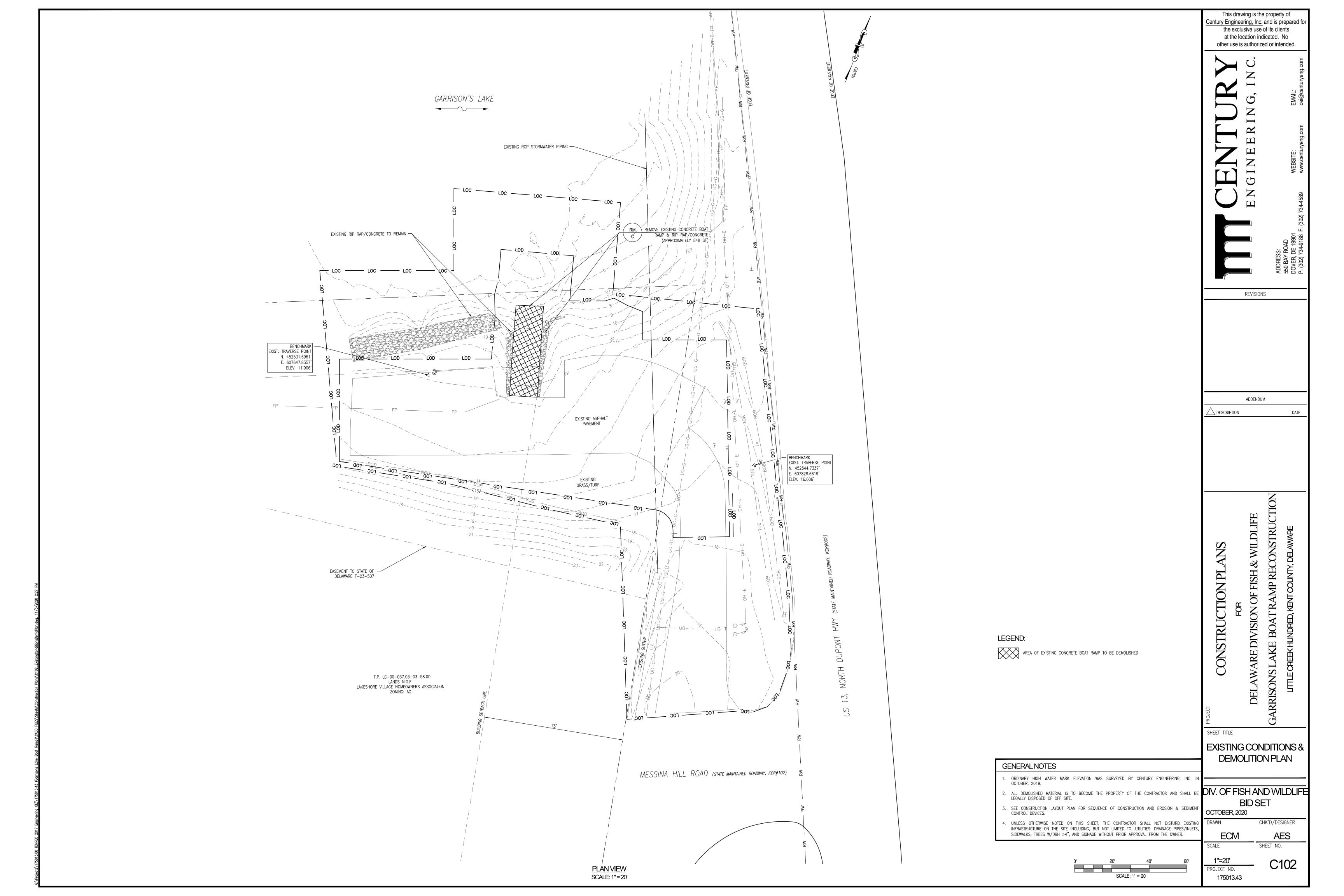
2" OVERLAY

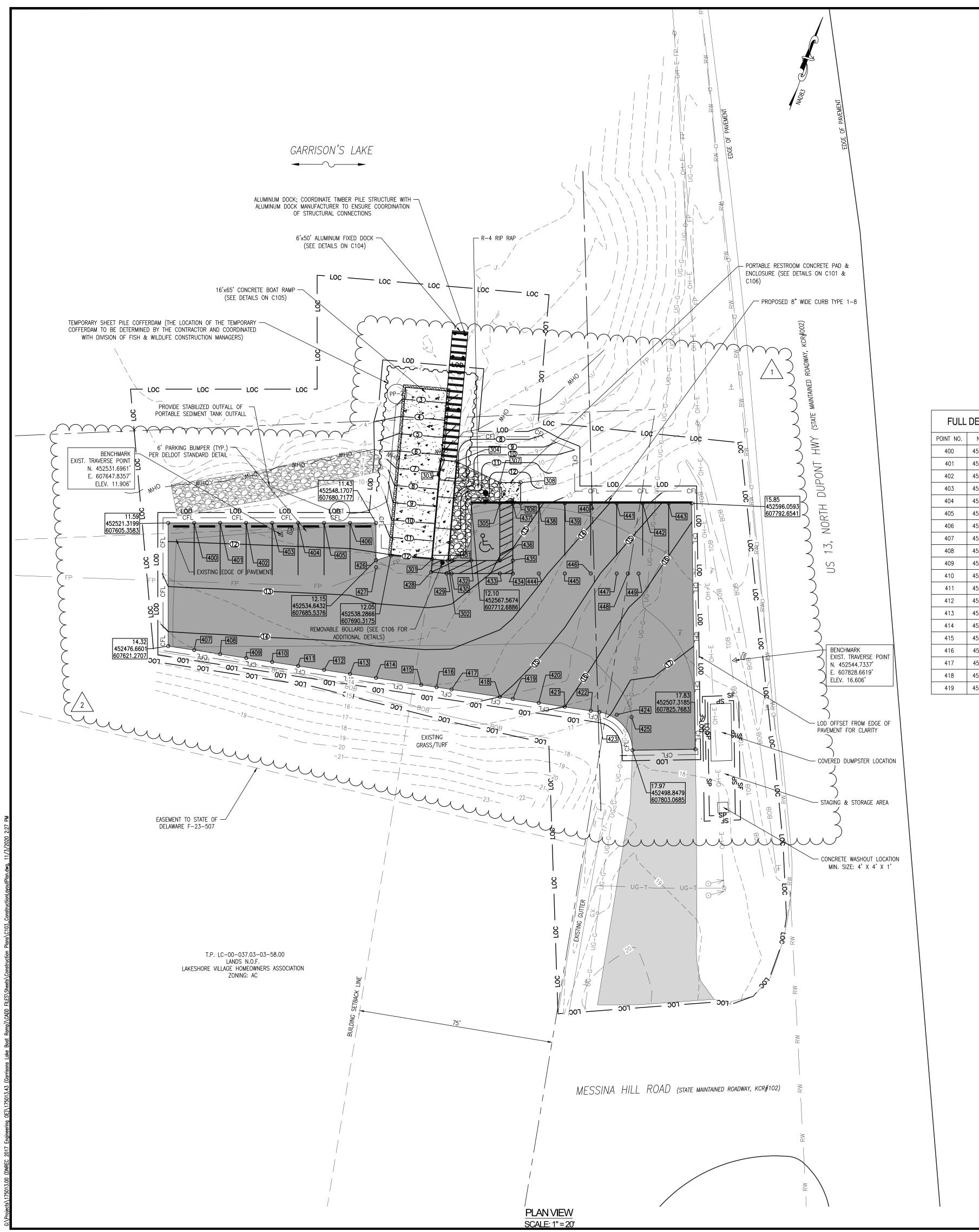
- EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT

— EXISTING SUBGRADE

NOT TO SCALE

1.5%





PAVEMENT MARKINGS LEGEND (DELDOT SECTION 817) SYMBOL ITEM 4" SOLID BLUE ALKYD PAVEMENT STRIPING 4" SOLID WHITE ALKYD PAVEMENT STRIPING BLUE RETROFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, SYMBOL/LEGEND

	SIGNING LEGEND (DELDOT SECTION 819)
SYMBOL	ITEM
1	ACCESSIBLE PARKING SIGN (SEE DETAIL ON C106)

FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT LAYOUT

POINT NO. NORTHING EASTING ELEVATION

420 | 452503.9537 | 607762.9853 | 15.60

421 | 452505.8670 | 607772.9192 | 16.00

422 | 452507.7817 | 607782.8610 | 16.53

426 | 452534.6432 | 607685.5376 | 12.15

427 | 452532.1135 | 607686.4389 | 12.14

428 | 452537.4685 | 607707.0600 | 12.15 429 | 452538.9727 | 607712.8522 | 12.25

430 452539.5911 607714.6404 12.32

452544.2980 | 607712.9633 |

452546.8258 | 607720.0578 |

433 | 452545.8271 | 607732.1500 | 13.16 434 | 452547.5053 | 607736.8600 | 13.33

435 | 452552.2146 | 607735.1820 | 13.16

438 | 452576.3058 | 607737.2141 | 12.91

436 452550.5364 607730.4721 437 452572.9495 607727.7941

439 452579.6622 607746.6340

17.51

12.22

12.50

423 | 452508.4173 | 607786.1613 |

424 | 452509.6934 | 607792.7868 | 425 452510.7873 607798.4667

SIDEWALK & CONC. PAD LAYOUT				
POINT NO.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	
301	452542.3082	607705.8038	12.05	
302	452543.8162	607711.6112	12.15	
303	452579.3883	607696.1760	8.87	
304	452580.8971	607701.9847	8.87	
305	452571.2713	607723.0842	12.31	
306	452573.9564	607730.6201	12.43	
307	452578.8072	607720.3991	12.19	
308	452581.4923	607727.9350	12.31	
		·	·	

FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT LAYOUT			
POINT NO.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
400	452524.6762	607614.7783	11.57
401	452528.0326	607624.1982	11.55
402	452531.3889	607633.6181	11.53
403	452534.7453	607643.0380	11.51
404	452538.1016	607652.4580	11.49
405	452541.4580	607661.8779	11.47
406	452544.8143	607671.2978	11.45
407	452478.5735	607631.2054	14.37
408	452480.4867	607641.1389	14.43
409	452482.3999	607651.0730	14.48
410	452484.3132	607661.0071	14.53
411	452486.2265	607670.9412	14.59
412	452488.1397	607680.8753	14.64
413	452490.0530	607690.8094	14.69
414	452491.9662	607700.7435	14.75
415	452495.2923	607718.0133	14.84
416	452496.4261	607723.8999	14.87
417	452497.5291	607729.6272	14.90
418	452501.0849	607748.0898	15.00
419	452502.0420	607753.0589	15.20

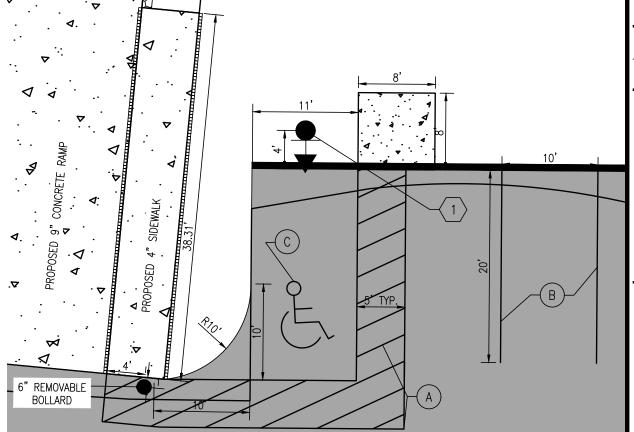
FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT LAYOUT				
POINT NO.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	
440	452583.0185	607756.0539	13.91	
441	452586.3749	607765.4738	14.41	
442	452589.7312	607774.8937	14.91	
443	452593.0876	607784.3137	15.41	
444	452550.8585	607746.2800	13.83	
445	452554.2135	607755.7004	14.32	
446	452557.5693	607765.1215	14.82	
447	452560.9247	607774.5408	15.31	
448	452562.3669	607778.5915	15.53	
449	452563.7388	607782.4425	15.73	

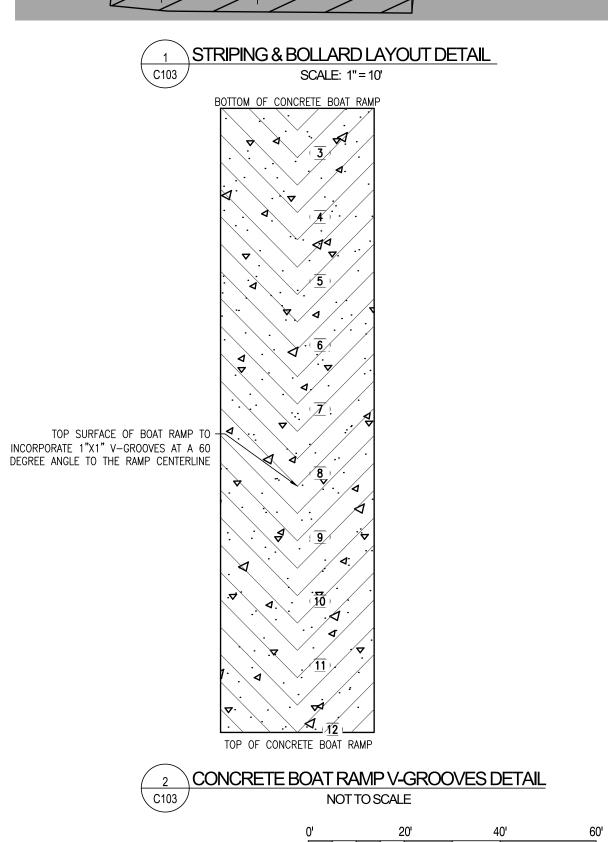
GENERAL NOTES

- RIGHT OF WAY, LOCATIONS, PROPERTY LINES PROVIDED BY DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE. CENTURY ENGINEERING, INC. TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR ACCURACY.
- TOPOGRAPHY SURVEY PERFORMED BY CENTURY ENGINEERING, INC. IN OCTOBER, 2019.
- EXISTING ASPHALT PAVING AREAS SHOWN FOR OVERLAY SHALL BE OVERLAIN WITH 2" OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C (DELDOT ITEM NO. 401002). PROVIDE BUTT JOINT PER DELDOT STANDARD DETAIL P-3 AT LOCATIONS WHERE OVÈRLAY MEETS EXISTING HOTMIX OR CONCRETE. TAPER RATIO SHALL BE 15:1.
- ALL PARCEL BOUNDARIES SHOWN ARE REFERENCED FROM STATE OF DELAWARE GIS DATA.
- NO FIRE LANES, PERIMETER ACCESS, OR SPRINKLER SYSTEMS ARE REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- EASEMENT GRANTED TO THE STATE OF DELAWARE PER DEED RECORD, F-23-507, RECORDED IN THE RECORDER OF DEEDS IN AND FOR KENT COUNTY, STATE OF DELAWARE ON AUGUST 28TH, 1963.
- END OF ALL CURBS SHALL BE TRANSITIONED TO BE FLUSH WITH THE PAVEMENT AT A RATIO OF 2:1.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING, INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, OR GRADING, A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST BE SCHEDULED AND CONDUCTED. THE LANDOWNER/DEVELOPER AND CONTRACTOR ARE REQUIRED TO BE IN ATTENDANCE AT THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING, THE DESIGNER IS RECOMMENDED TO ATTEND.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AT ALL TIMES PROTECT AGAINST SEDIMENT OR DEBRIS LADEN RUNOFF OR WIND FROM LEAVING THE SITE. PERIMETER CONTROLS SHOULD BE CHECKED DAILY AND ADJUSTED AND/OR REPAIRED TO FULLY CONTAIN AND CONTROL SEDIMENTATION ON THE SITE. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED HALF OF THE EFFECTIVE CAPACITY OF THE CONTROL. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO ADJUST OR REPAIR MEASURES IN TIMES OF ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE AGENCY CONSTRUCTION SITE REVIEWER.
- INSTALL TURBIDITY CURTAIN AND/OR TEMPORARY SHEET PILE COFFERDAM. REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE BOAT
- INSTALL SITE POLLUTION PREVENTION DEVICES PER DNREC STANDARD DETAILS & SPECIFICATIONS, INCLUDING CONCRETE WASHOUT.
- INSTALL ALL TIMBER SUPPORT PILES FOR THE FIXED DOCK.
- CLEAR AREAS AS NEEDED WITHIN LOC.
- INSTALL SUMP PIT AND PORTABLE SEDIMENT TANK FOR DEWATERING OPERATION AT THE BOAT RAMP.
- PERFORM ROUGH GRADING AT THE PROPOSED BOAT RAMP AND FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT AREAS.
- PLACE STONE FOUNDATION AND CONCRETE FOR BOAT RAMP. PLACE GABC FOR AREAS OF FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT.
- O. INSTALL HEADER KITS ON TIMBER PILES FOR FIXED DOCK.
- . PLACE TYPE B HOTMIX AT FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT AREAS.
- 2. PLACE TYPE C ASPHALT AT ALL AREAS TO BE OVERLAIN AND AT FULL DEPTH AREAS.
- 3. PLACE ALUMINUM FIXED DOCK AND ALL ASSOCIATED COMPONENTS.
- 4. STRIPE ALL PAVED AREAS. . STABILIZE ALL UNPAVED DISTURBED AREAS WITH MINIMUM 6" TOPSOIL, DNREC APPROVED SEED MIX, AND
- 6. EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED ONLY AFTER WORK IN AN AREA HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND STABILIZED, WITH WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE OWNER.





SCALE: 1" = 20'

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REVISIONS

ADDENDUM DESCRIPTION

ADJUSTED SITE GRADES & FULL DEPTH $\stackrel{\square}{\longrightarrow}$ PAVING LIMITS. 10/27/2020 ADJUSTED COMPOST FILTER LOG & LIMIT OF $\stackrel{\angle}{\longrightarrow}$ DISTURBANCE. 11/03/2020

NSTRUCTION

SHEET TITLE

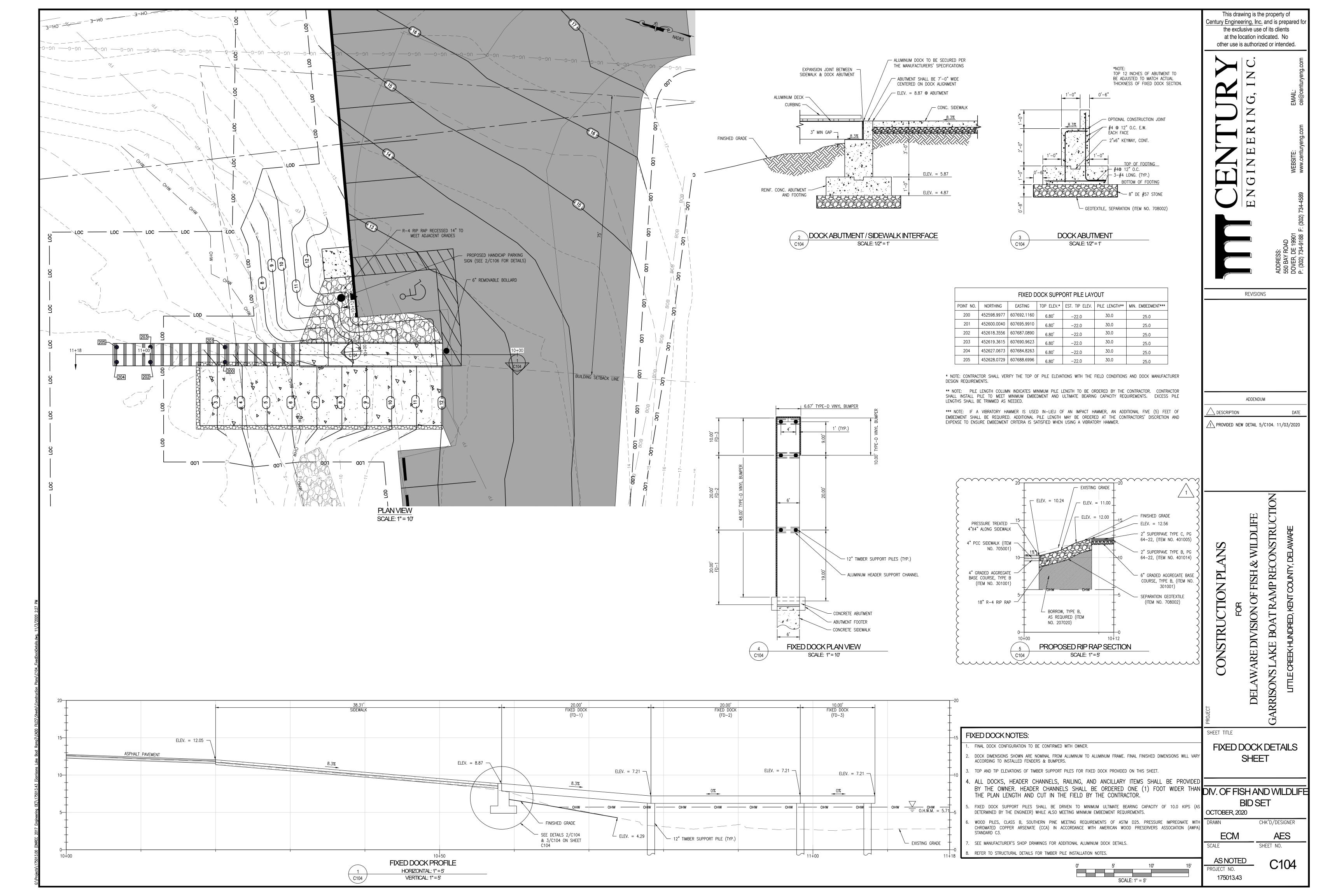
CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT PLAN

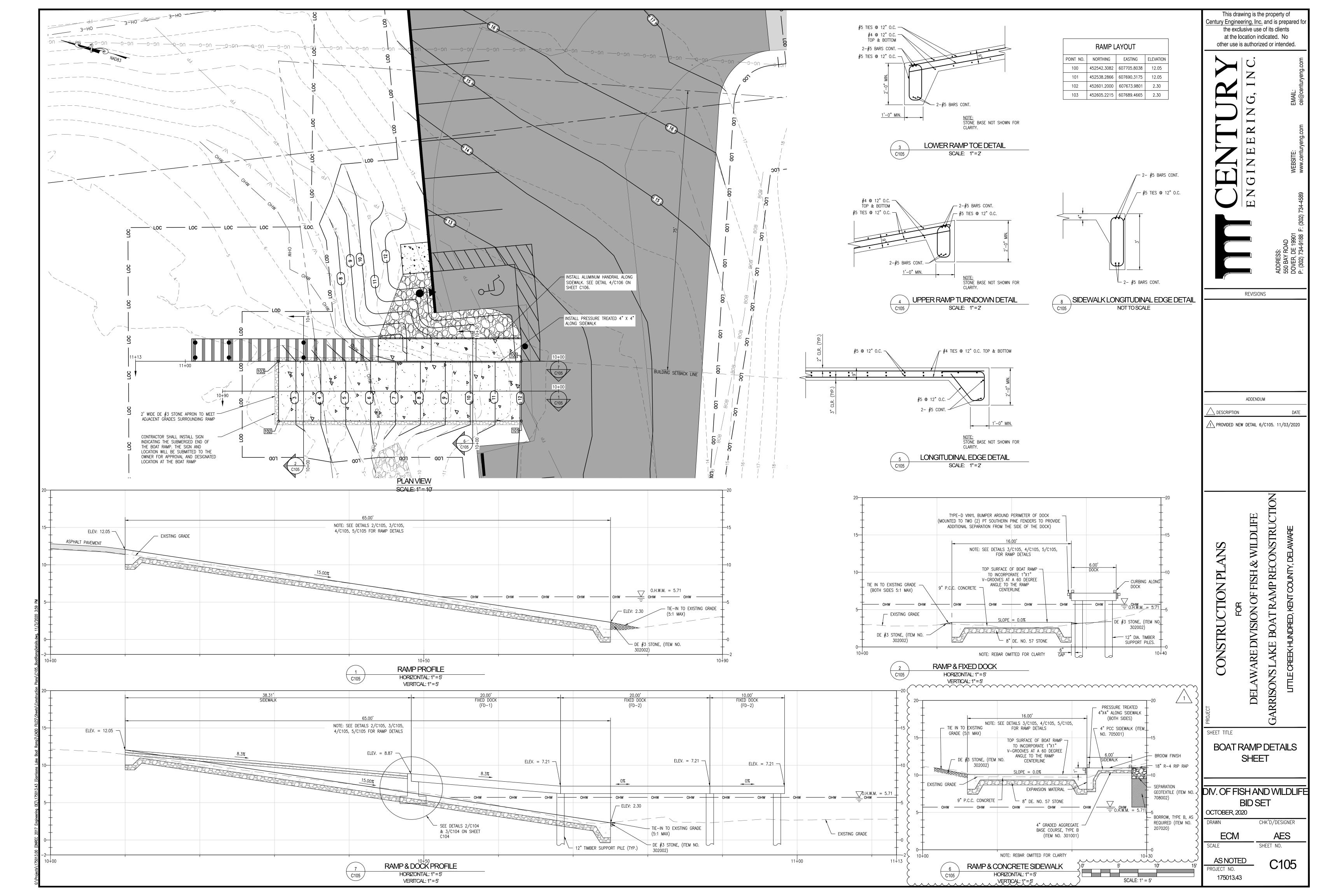
DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020

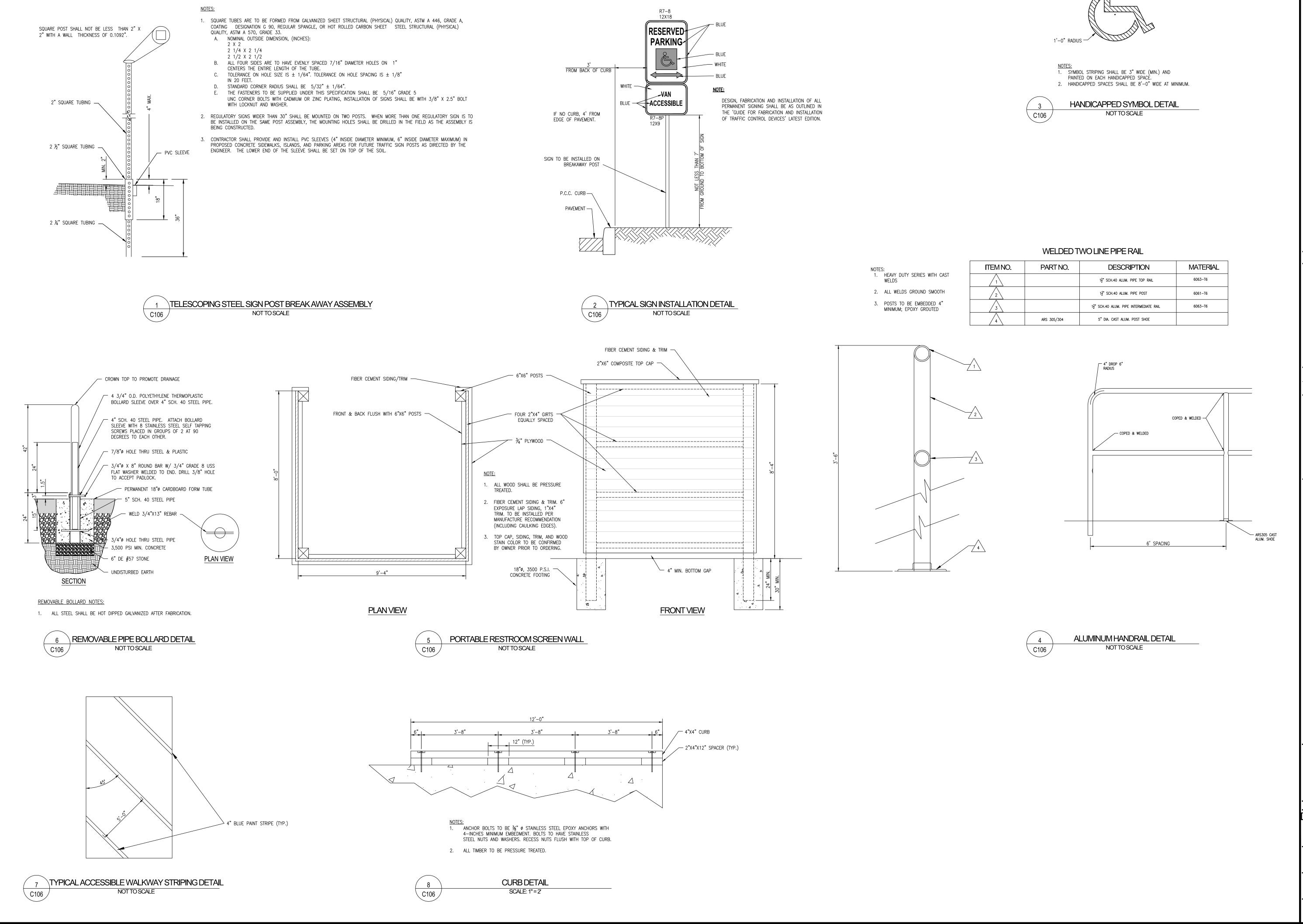
DRAWN CHK'D/DESIGNER **AES** SHEET NO.

AS NOTED PROJECT NO. 175013.43

C103







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REVISIONS

ADDENDUM ✓ DESCRIPTION

SHEET TITLE

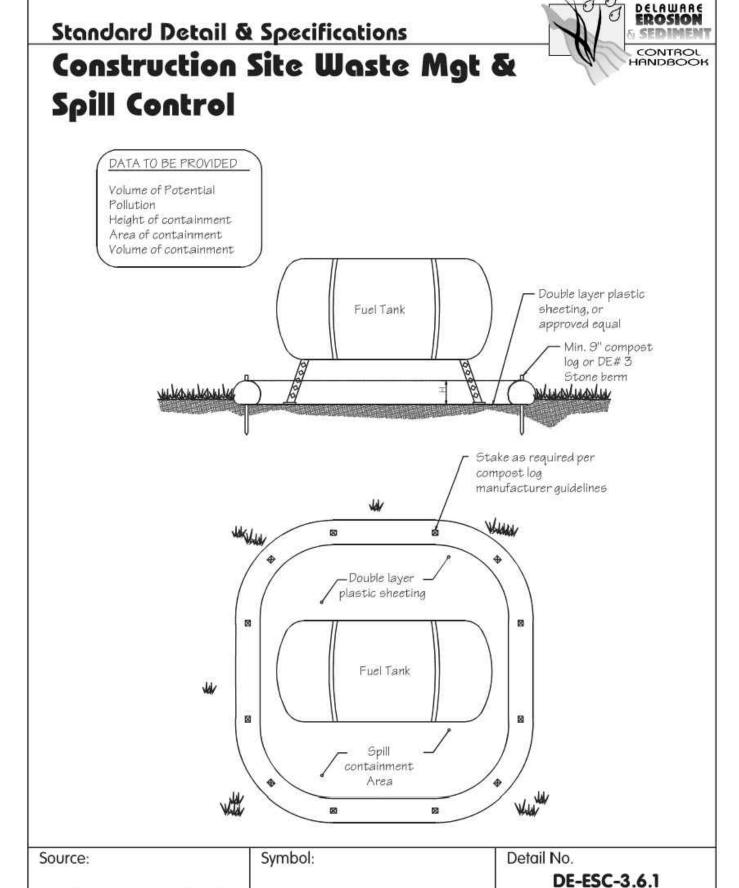
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020

DRAWN CHK'D/DESIGNER **AES** SHEET NO.

AS NOTED PROJECT NO.

175013.43



Sheet 1 of 5

800-662-8802

302-739-9403

Detail No.

DE-ESC-3.6.1

Sheet 5 of 5

Effective FEB 2019

Effective FEB 2019

DELAWARE EROSION

CONTROL

Delaware ESC Handbook

Spill Control

be prominently posted.

DNREC 24-Hour Toll Free Number

Notes (cont.)

6. Education

Source:

Adapted from USEPA

Pub. 840-B-92-002

Standard Detail & Specifications

Construction Site Waste Mgt &

shall be prominently posted in the construction trailer.

DNREC Solid & Hazardous Waste Management Section

Symbol:

e. Contact information for reporting spills through the DNREC 24-Hour Toll Free Number shall

a. Best management practices for construction site pollution control shall be a part of regular

b. Information regarding waste management, equipment maintenance and spill prevention

CONTACT INFORMATION

EROSION CONTROL

Standard Detail & Specifications

Construction Site Waste Mgt & Spill Control

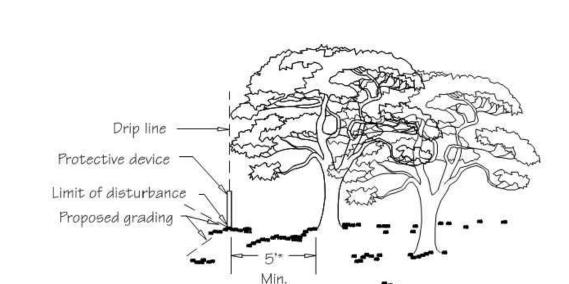
Pollution Prevention - Spill Prevention

- Fueling should only take place in signed designated areas, away from downstream drainage facilities and watercourses.
- 2. Fueling must be with nozzles equipped with automatic shut-off to control drips. Do not top off. 3. Protect the areas where equipment or vehicles are being repaired, maintained, fueled or parked
- from storm water run-on and runoff. Use barriers such as berms to prevent storm water run-on and runoff, and to contain spills.
- Place a "Fueling Area" sign next to each fueling area.
- 6. Store hazardous materials such as fuel, solvents, oil and chemicals in secondary containment.
- 7. Inspect vehicles and equipment for leaks on each day of use. Repair fluid and oil leaks
- 8. Absorbent spill clean-up materials and spill kits must be available in fueling areas and on fuel
- 9. If fueling is to take place at night, make sure the fueling area is sufficiently illuminated.
- Properly dispose of used oil, fluids, lubricants and spill clean-up materials. CLEAN UP SPILLS
- If it is safe to do so, immediately contain and clean up any chemical and/or hazardous material
- 2. Properly dispose of used oil, fluids, lubricants and spill clean-up materials.
- Do not bury spills or wash them down with water. LEAKS AND DRIPS
- Use drip pans or absorbent pads at all times. Place under and around leaky equipment.
- Do not allow oil, grease, fuel or chemicals to drip onto the ground.
- Have spill kits and clean up material on-site.
- 4. Repair leaky equipment promptly or remove problem vehicles and equipment from the site. Clean up contaminated soil immediately.
- 5. Store contaminated waste in sealed containers constructed of suitable material. Label these
- Clean up all spills and leaks. Promptly dispose of waste and spent clean up materials.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
201 01 ///A0004000/N 1001 W		DE-ESC-3.6.1
Delaware ESC Handbook		Sheet 2 of 5
		Effective FEB 2019

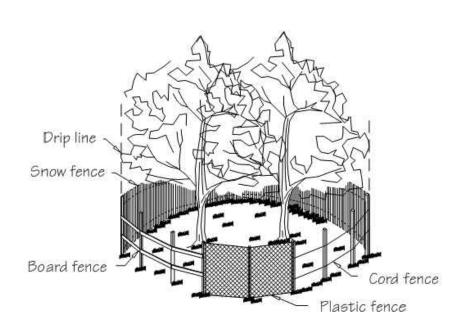
Standard Detail & Specifications Sensitive Area Protection





*5' min. setback applies to all sensitve areas covered by this specification.

Location of Sensitive Area Protection



Methods of Sensitive Area Protection

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from VA ESC Handbook	SAP	DE-ESC-3.7.2 Sheet 1 of 3
		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications

Construction Site Waste Mgt &

Notes:

The Construction Site Pollution Prevention Plan should include the following elements:

Material Inventory

Spill Control

Document the storage and use of the following materials:

- a. Concrete b. Detergents
- c. Paints (enamel and latex) d. Cleaning solvents
- e. Pesticides
- f. Wood scraps
- g. Fertilizers
- h. Petroleum based products

2. Good housekeeping practices

- a. Store only enough product required to do the job.
- b. All materials shall be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their original labeled containers and covered.
- c. Substances shall not be mixed.
- d. When possible, all of a product shall be used up prior to disposal of the container.
- e. Manufacturers' instructions for disposal shall be strictly adhered to.
- f. The site foreman shall designate someone to inspect all BMPs daily.

3. Waste management practices

- a. All waste materials shall be collected and stored in securely lidded dumpsters in a location that does not drain to a waterbody.
- b. Waste materials shall be salvaged and/or recycled whenever possible.
- c. The dumpsters shall be emptied a minimum of twice per week, or more if necessary. The licensed trash hauler is responsible for cleaning out dumpsters.

urce:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from USEPA Pub. 840-B-92-002	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	DE-ESC-3.6.1 Sheet 3 of 5
		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications SEDIMENT CONTROL Sensitive Area Protection

Construction Notes:

Fencing shall be installed at the extents of all sensitive areas. For trees, the fencing shall be installed outside the dripline (mature canopy) and at no time within 5 feet of the trunk. Personnel must be instructed to honor protective devices. The devices described are suggested only, and are not intended to exclude the use of other devices which will protect the trees to be retained. If silt fence is to be used for demarcation purposes, appropriate signage shall be provided a minimum of every 20 feet denoting the area as a sensitive area protection zone.

Materials:

- Snow Fence Standard 40-inch high snow fence shall be placed at the limits of clearing or construction on standard steel posts set 6 feet apart.
- Board Fence Board fencing consisting of 4-inch square posts set securely in the ground and protruding at least 4 feet above the ground shall be placed at the limits of clearing with a minimum of two horizontal boards between posts. For tree protection, if it is not practical to erect a fence at the drip line, construct a triangular fence nearer the trunk. The limits of clearing will still be located at the drip line, since the root zone within the drip line will still require protection.
- Plastic Fencing 40-inch high "international orange" plastic (polyethylene) web fencing secured to conventional metal "T" or "U" posts driven to a minimum depth of 18 inches on 6-foot minimum centers shall be installed at the limits of clearing. The fence should have the following minimum physical qualities:

Average 2,000 lbs. per 4-foot width (ASTM D638) Average 2,900 lbs. per 4-foot width (ASTM D638) Greater than 1000% (ASTM D638) Elongation at break (%): Inert to most chemicals and acids Chemical resistance:

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from VA ESC Handbook	SAP	DE-ESC-3.7.2 Sheet 2 of 3
		Effective FEB 2019



DELAWARE EROSION

CONTROL

Standard Detail & Specifications

Construction Site Waste Mgt & Spill Control

Notes (cont.)

- d. Trash shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Delaware laws.
- e. Trash cans shall be placed at all lunch spots and littering is strictly prohibited. Recycle bins shall be placed near the construction trailer.
- If fertilizer bags can not be stored in a weather-proof location, they shall be kept on a pallet and covered with plastic sheeting which is overlapped and anchored.

4. Equipment maintenance practices

- a. If possible, equipment should be taken to off-site commercial facilities for washing and
- b. If performed on-site, vehicles shall be washed with high-pressure water spray without detergents in an area contained by an impervious berm.
- c. Drip pans shall be used for all equipment maintenance.
- d. Equipment shall be inspected for leaks on a daily basis.
- e. Washout from concrete trucks shall be disposed of in a temporary pit for hardening and proper disposal.
- Fuel nozzles shall be equipped with automatic shut-off valves.
- g. All used products such as oil, antifreeze, solvents and tires shall be disposed of in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations and local, state and federal laws and regulations.

5. Spill prevention practices

- a. Potential spill areas shall be identified and contained in covered areas with no connection to the storm drain system.
- b. Warning signs shall be posted in hazardous material storage areas.
- c. Preventive maintenance shall be performed on all tanks, valves, pumps, pipes and other equipment as necessary.
- d Low or non-toxic substances shall be prioritized for use

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from USEPA Pub. 840-B-92-002		DE-ESC-3.6.1 Sheet 4 of 5
		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications

Sensitive Area Protection



4. Cord Fence - Posts with a minimum size of 2 inches square or 2 inches in diameter set securely in the ground and protruding at least 4 feet above the ground shall be placed at the limits of clearing with two rows of cord 1/4-inch or thicker at least 2 feet apart running between posts with strips of colored surveyor's flagging tied securely to the string at intervals no greater than 3 feet.

- 5. Earth Berms Temporary earth berms shall be constructed according to specifications for a Temporary Earth Dike with the base of the berm on the sensitive area side located along the limits of clearing. Earth berms may not be used for this purpose if their presence will conflict with drainage patterns.
- Trunk Armoring (Tree Protection Only) As a last resort, a tree trunk can be armored with burlap wrapping and 2-inch studs wired vertically no more than 2 inches apart to a height of 5 feet encircling the trunk. If this alternative is used, the root zone within the drip line will still require protection. Nothing should ever be nailed to a tree.

Maintenance:

Fencing and armoring devices shall be in place before any excavation or grading is begun, shall be kept in good repair for the duration of construction activities, and shall be the last items removed during the final cleanup after the completion of the project.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from VA ESC Handbook	SAP	DE-ESC-3.7.2 Sheet 3 of 3
		Effective FEB 201

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REVISIONS

ADDENDUM

DESCRIPTION

WILDLIFE

OF FISH & CONSTRUCTION PI AWARE DIVISION

SHEET TITLE

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020 CHK'D/DESIGNER

ECM AS NOTED C107

PROJECT NO. 175013.43

Standard Detail & Specifications Topsoiling



Construction Notes:

Site Preparation (Where Topsoil is to be added)

Note: When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, dikes, waterways and sediment basins.

- a. Grading Grades on the areas to be topsoiled which have been previously established shall be maintained.
- b. Liming Where the topsoil is either highly acid or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet). Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.
- c. Tilling After the areas to be topsoiled have been brought to grade, and immediately prior to dumping and spreading the topsoil, the subgrade shall be loosened by discing or by scarifying to a depth of a least 3 inches to permit bonding of the topsoil to the subsoil. Pack by passing a bulldozer up and down over the entire surface area of the slope to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down the slope.

2. Topsoil Material and Application

Note: Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may often be used but it should meet the same standards as set forth in these specifications. The depth of topsoil to be salvaged shall be no more than the depth described as a representative profile for that particular soil type as described in the soil survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Delaware Agricultural Experimental Station.

Source: Symbol: DE-ESC-3.4.1 USDA - NRCS Sheet 1 of 2 Effective FEB 2019

EROSION Standard Detail & Specifications CONTROL Topsoiling

Construction Notes (cont.)

a. Materials - Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand or other soil as approved by an agronomist or soil scientist. It shall not have a mixture of contrasting textured subsoil and contain no more than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragment, gravel, sticks, roots, trash or other extraneous materials larger than 1-1/2 inches in diameter. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts of bermudagrass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistles, or others as specified. All topsoil shall be tested by a reputable laboratory for organic matter content, pH and soluble salts. A pH of 6.0 to 7.5 and an organic content of not less than 1.5 percent by weight is required. If pH value is less than 6.0 lime shall be applied and incorporated with the topsoil to adjust the pH to 6.5 or higher. Topsoil containing soluble salts greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.

Note: No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed to permit dissipation of toxic materials.

b. Grading - The topsoil shall be uniformly distributed and compacted to a minimum of four (4) inches. Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets. Topsoil shall not be placed while in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subgrade is excessively wet, or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments as approved by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. Compost material used to improve the percentage of organic matter shall be provided by a certified supplier.

Compost amendments that are intended to meet specific post-construction stormwater management goals shall further meet the requirements of Appendix 3.06.2 Post Construction Stormwater Management BMP Standards and Specifications, Section 14.0 Soil Amendments.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
		DE-ESC-3.4.1
USDA - NRCS		Sheet 2 of 2
		Effective FEB 2019

Hook and chain for removal 24"-36" corrugated metal or plastic pipe with 1" dia. perforations at 6" O.C. Water level 3" min. DE #57 stone 36"-48" corrugated metal or plastic pipe with 1" dia. perf. at Weight as necessary 6" O.C. to prevent flotation of inner pipe Section Source: Detail No.



EROSION

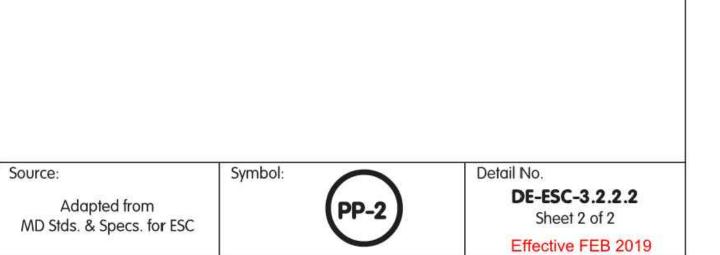
CONTROL

Standard Detail & Specifications Pumping Pit - Type 2

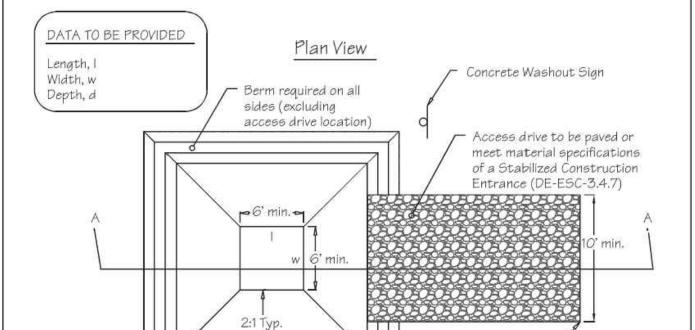
Construction Notes:

- 1. Pit shall have a minimum bottom width of 8'.
- 2. The inside standpipe should be constructed by perforating a 24" to 36" diameter corrugated or PVC pipe. The perforations shall be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center.
- 3. The outside pipe shall be at least 12" larger in diameter than the inside pipe.
- 4. After installing the standpipes, the pit surrounding the standpipes should then be backfilled with DE #57 aggregate. The height of the stone shall be a min. 3" above the design high water elevation in the trap or basin.
- 5. The standpipes should extend 12" to 18" above the design high water elevation in the trap or

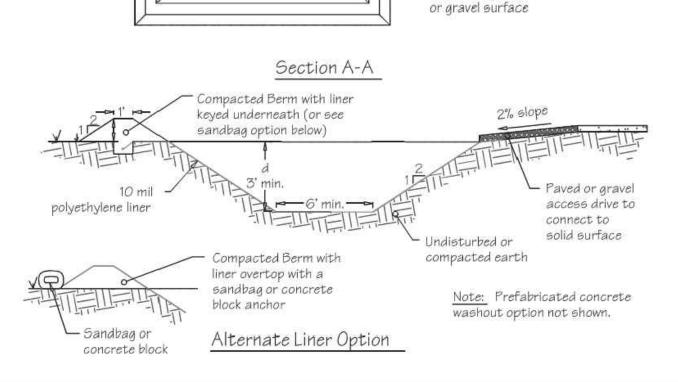
NOTE: If discharge will be pumped directly to a storm drainage system, the standpipe must be wrapped with Type GD-II geotextile fabric before installation. If desired, 1/2" hardware cloth may be placed around the standpipe, prior to attaching the geotextile fabric. This will increase the rate of water seepage into the pipe.



DELAWARE EROSION Standard Detail & Specifications **Concrete Washout**



Connect to paved



Symbol: Detail No. Source: DE-ESC-3.6.2 Adapted from Colorado Urban Storm Drainage Sheet 1 of 2 Criteria Manual, Vol 3 Effective FEB 2019



Construction Notes:

CONTROL HANDBOOK

- Locate washout area a minimum of 50 feet from open channels, stormdrain inlets, wetlands or waterbodies.
- 2. Locate washout area so that it is accessible to concrete equipment (service with a minimum 10 foot wide gravel accessway), but so it is not in a highly active construction area causing accidental
- Minimum dimensions for prefabricated units are 4 feet by 4 feet by 1 foot deep with a minimum 4mil polyethylene plastic liner. Minimum dimensions for constructed concrete washout areas are 6 feet by 6 feet by 3 feet deep, with a minimum 10mil polyethylene liner, 2:1 side slopes, and a 1 foot high by 1 foot wide compacted fill berm.
- 4. The liner must be free of tears or holes and placed over smooth surfaces to prevent puncturing. For excavated washouts, anchor the liner underneath the berm or overtop with sandbags or concrete blocks to hold in place.
- Provide a sign designating the washout area, and for large construction sites, provide signs throughout directing traffic to its location.
- 6. Allow washed out concrete mixture to harden through evaporation of the wastewater. Once the facility has reached 75 percent of its capacity, remove the hardened concrete by reusing the broken aggregate onsite, recycling, or disposing of offsite. The hardened material can be buried on site with minimum of 1 foot of clean, compacted fill.
- . Apply a new liner before reusing the station for additional washouts after maintenance has occurred.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from olorado Urban Storm Drainage	cw	DE-ESC-3.6.2 Sheet 2 of 2
Criteria Manual, Vol 3		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications **Dust Control**

Standard Detail & Specifications

Pumping Pit - Type 2



DE-ESC-3.2.2.2

Sheet 1 of 2

Effective FEB 2019

Temporary Methods:

Adapted from

MD Stds. & Specs. for ESC

- Mulches See DE-ESC-3.4.5, Standard Detail and Specifications for Mulching.
- 2. Vegetative cover See **DE-ESC-3.4.3**, Std. Detail and Specifications for Vegetative Stabilization.

(PP-2

Adhesives - Use on mineral soils only (not effective on muck soils). Keep traffic off these areas. The following table may be used for general guidance.

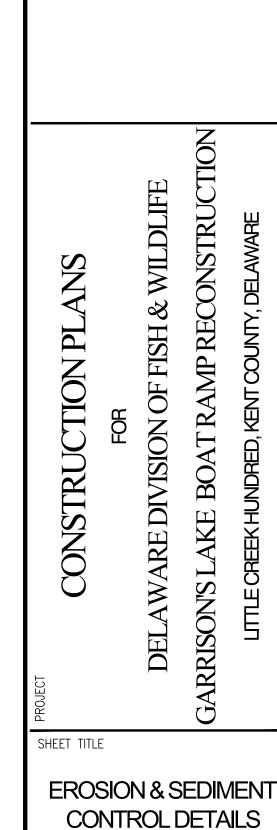
Type of	Water	Type of	Apply
<u>Emulsion</u>	<u>Dilution</u>	<u>Nozzle</u>	Gal/Ac.
Latex emulsion	12.5:1	Fine spray	235
Resin-in-water emulsion	4.1	Fine spray	300
Acrylic emulsion (non-trafffic)	7:1	Coarse spray	450
Acrylic emulsion (traffic)	3.5:1	Coarse spray	350

- Tillage For emergency temporary treatment, scarify the soil surface to prevent or reduce the amount of blowing dust until a more appropriate solution can be implemented. Begin the tillage operation on the windward side of the site using a chisel-type plow for best results.
- Sprinkling Sprinkle site with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed.
- 6. Calcium Chloride Apply as flakes or granular material with a spreader at a rate that will keep the soil surface moist. Re-apply as necessary.
- Barriers Place barriers such as soild board fences, snow fences, hay bales, etc. at right angles to the prevailing air currents at intervals of approx. 10X their height.

Permanent Methods:

- Vegetative cover See DE-ESC-3.4.3, Std. Detail and Specifications for Vegetative Stabilization.
- Stone Apply layer of crushed stone or coarse gravel to protect soil surface.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapted from VA ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.8 Sheet 1 of 1
		Effective FEB 2019



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REVISIONS

ADDENDUM

DESCRIPTION

DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020 CHK'D/DESIGNER **AES** SHEET NO.

AS NOTED PROJECT NO. 175013.43

C108

Standard Detail & Specifications Mulching



Materials and Amounts

- a. Straw Straw shall be unrotted small grain straw applied at the rate of 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre, or 70 to 90 pounds (two bales) per 1,000 square feet. Mulch materials shall be relatively free of weeds and shall be free of noxious weeds such as; thistles, Johnsongrass, and quackgrass. Spread mulch uniformly by hand or mechanically. For uniform distribution of hand spread mulch, divide area into approximately 1,000 square feet sections and place 70-90 pounds (two bales) of mulch in each section.
- b. Wood chips Apply at the rate of approximately 6 tons per acre or 275 pounds per 1,000 square feet when available and when feasible. These are particularly well suited for utility and road rights-of-way. If wood chips are used, increase the application rate of nitrogen fertilizer by 20 pounds of N per acre (200 pounds of 10-10-10 or 66 pounds of 30-0-0 per acre).
- c. Hydraulically applied mulch The following conditions apply to hydraulically applied mulch:

Definitions:

- a. Wood fiber mulch shall consist of specially prepared wood that has been processed to a uniform state, is packaged for sale as a hydraulic mulch for use with hydraulic seeding equipment, and consists of a minimum of 70% virgin or recycled wood fiber combined with 30% paper fiber and additives.
- b. Blended fiber mulch shall consist of any hydraulic mulch that contains greater than 30% paper fiber. The paper component must consist of specially prepared paper that has been processed to a uniform fibrous state and is packaged for sale as a hydraulic mulch for use with hydraulic
- c. A bonded fiber matrix (BFM) consists of long strand, specially prepared wood fibers that have been processed to a uniform state held together by a water resistant bonding agent. BFMs shall contain no paper (cellulose) mulch but may contain small percentages of synthetic fibers to enhance performance.
- d. Refer to Figure 3.4.5a for conditions and limitations of use for each of the above categories of hydraulic mulch.
- ii. All components of the hydraulically applied mulches shall be pre-packaged by the manufacturer to assure material performance. Field mixing of the mulch components is acceptable, but must be done per manufacturers recommendations to ensure the proper results.
- iii. Hydraulic mulches shall be applied with a viable seed and at manufacturer's recommended rates. Increased rates may be necessary based on site conditions.
- iv. Hydraulically applied mulches and additives shall be mixed according to manufacturers
- iv. Materials within this category shall only be used when hydraulically applied mulch has been specified for use on the approved Sediment and Stormwater Plan, or supplemental approval from the plan approval agency has been obtained in writing for a specific area.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
as v respects w v		DE-ESC-3.4.5
Delaware ESC Handbook		Sheet 1 of 3
& Filtrexx™ International		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications

Vegetative Stabilization



Mix#	Species ⁶	Seedir	Seeding Rate				m Seedi eriod; A =			ting Period	Planting Depth
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 			Co	astal P	lain	Pi	iedmoi	nt	All	Li.
	Certified Seed	lb/Ac ⁵	lb/1000 sq.ft.	2/1- 4/30	² 5/1- 8/14	8/15- 10/31	3/1-4/30	² 5/1- 7/31	8/1- 10/31	10/31- 2/1	
1	Barley	125	4	0	Α	0	0	Α	0		1-2 inches 2-3" sandy soils
2	Oats	125	4	0	Α	Α	0	Α	Α		1-2 inches
3	Rye	125	4	0	Α	0	0	Α	0	Α	1-2 inches 2-3" sandy soils
8	Perenniai Ryegrass	125	4	0	٨	٥	0	^	0		0.5 inches 1-2" sandy soils
5	Annual Ryegrass	125	4	0	Α	0	0	Α	0	Α	0.5 inches 1-2" sandy soils
6	Winter Wheat	125	4	0	Α	0	0	Α	0	Α	1-2 inches 2-3" sandy soils
7	Foxtali Millet	30 PLS	0.7		0			0			0.5 inches 1-2" sandy soils
8	Pearl Millet	20 PLS	0.5		0			0			0.5 inches 1-2" sandy soils

- 1. Winter seeding requires 3 tons per acre of straw mulch for proper stabilization.
- 2. May be planted throughout summer if soil moisture is adequate or seeded area can be irrigated.
- 3. Applicable on slopes 3:1 or less.
- 4. Fifty pounds per acre of Annual Lespedeza may be added to 1/2 the seeding rate of any of the above species. Use varieties currently recommended for Delaware. Contact a County Extension Office for information.
- 6. Warm season grasses such as Millet or Weeping Lovegrass may be used between 5/1 and 9/1 if desired. Seed at 3-5 lbs...
- per acre. Good on low fertility and acid areas. Seed after frost through summer at a depth of 0.5".

NOTE: Alternative seed mixes may be used with prior approval from the Department or Delegated Agency.

NOTE: TEMPORARY SEED MIX SHALL BE DNREC TEMPORARY MIX #3, #5, OR #6.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.3
		Sheet 1 of 4
		Effective FEB 2019

EROSION Standard Detail & Specifications CONTROL Mulching

v. Application:

- a. Apply product to geotechnically stable slopes that have been designed and constructed to divert runoff away from the face of the slope.
- b. Do not apply to saturated soils, or if precipitation is anticipated within 24-48 hours. c. During the spring (March 1 to May 31) and fall (September 1 to November 30) seasons, hydraulic mulches may be applied in a one-step process where all components are mixed together in single-tank loads. It is recommended that the product be applied from opposing directions to achieve optimum soil coverage.
- d. During the summer (June 1 to August 31) and winter (December 1 to February 28) seasons, the following two-step process is required:
 - Step One- Mix and apply seed and soil amendments with a small amount of mulch for
- Step Two Mix and apply mulch at manufacturers recommended rates over freshly seeded surfaces. Apply from opposing directions to achieve optimum soil coverage. e. Minimum curing temperature is 40°F (4°C). The best results and more rapid curing are

achieved at temperatures exceeding 60°F (15°C). Curing times may be accelerated in high

- temperature, low humidity conditions on dry soils. vi. Recommended application rates are for informational purposes only. Conformance with this standard and specification shall be performance-based and requires 100% soil coverage. Any areas with bare soil showing shall be top dressed until full coverage is achieved.
- d. Compost blanket (CB) Loosely applied with a pneumatic blower so that a 1" compost blanket uniformly covers the **soil with 100% coverage**. This application can be used with seed to promote germination by applying the approved seed mix directly into the loosely blown compost. The compost blanket performs best on slopes less than 2:1 and requires no mulch anchoring.
- 2. Anchoring mulch Mulch must be anchored immediately to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods, depending upon size of area, erosion hazard, and cost.
- a. Crimping A crimper is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the top two (2) inches of soil. This practice affords maximum erosion control but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. On sloping land, crimping should be done on the contour whenever
- b. Tracking Tracking is the process of cutting mulch (usually straw) into the soil using a bulldozer or other equipment that runs on cleated tracks. Tracking is used primarily on slopes 3:1 or steeper and should be done up and down the slope with cleat marks running across the slope.
- c. Liquid mulch binders Applications of liquid mulch binders should be heavier at edges, in valleys, and at crests of banks and other areas where the mulch will be moved by wind or water. All other areas should have a uniform application of binder. The use of synthetic binders is the preferred method of mulch binding and should be applied at the rates recommended by the manufacturer.
- d. Paper fiber The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 lbs/ac. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per
- e. Nettings Synthetic or organic nettings may be used to secure straw mulch. Install and secure according to the manufacturers recommendations.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.5 Sheet 2 of 3
& Filtrexx™ International		Effective FEB 2019

SEDIMENT CONTROL

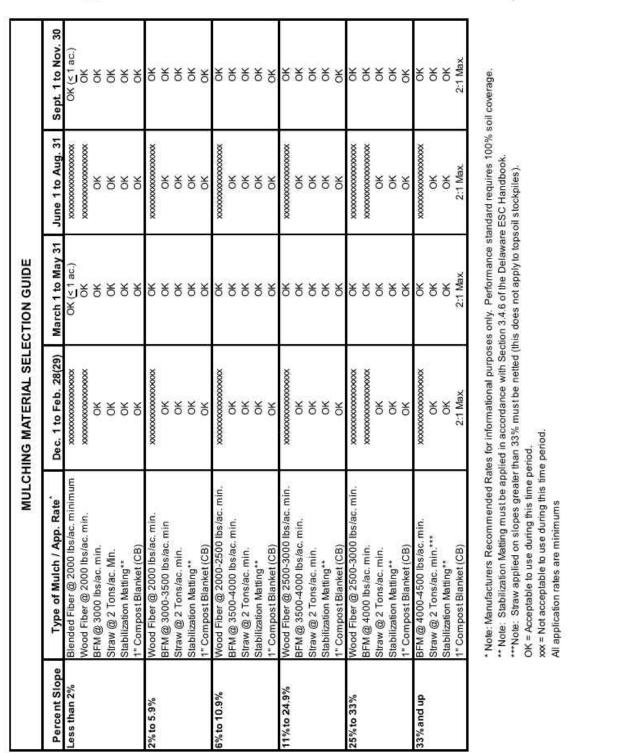
Standard Detail & Specifications Vegetative Stabilization

Seeding Mixtures		Seedir	ng Rate ¹	Optimum Seeding Da O = Optimum Planting Pe A = Acceptable Planting P				anting Pe	bone		Remarks
Aix No.	Certified Seed ³			Co	astal P	lain	P	iedmo	nt	All ⁴	
	Well Drained Soils	lb/Ac	lb/1000 sq.ft.	2/1- 4/30	5/1- 8/14	8/15- 10/31	3/1- 4/30	5/1- 7/31	8/1- 10/31	10/31-2/1	
1	Tall Fescue Weeping Lovegrass	140 10	3.2 0.23	A	0	А	Α	0	Α	Add 100 lbs./ac Winter Rye	Good erosion control mix Tolerant of low fertility soils Lovegrass very difficult to mow; Germinates only in hot weather
2	Deertongue Sheep Fescue Common Lespedeza ⁵ Inoculated	30 30 15	0.69 0.69 0.35	А	0	А	A	0	Α	Add 100 lbs./ac Winter Rye	Good erosion control mix Tolerant of low fertility soils Good wildlife cover and food
3	Tall Fescue (Turf-type) or Strong Creeping Red Fescue or Perennial Ryegrass plus Flatpea ⁵	50 50 50 15	1.15 1.15 1.15 0.34	0	Α	0	0	Α	0	Add 100 lbs./ac, Winter Rye	Good erosion control mix Tall Fescue for droughty conditions. Creeping Red Fescue for heavy shade. Flatpea to suppress woody vegetation.
4	Strong Creeping Red Fescue Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass or Redtop plus White Clover ⁵	100 70 15 5	2.3 1.61 0.35 0.11	0	A	0	0	A	0	Add 100 lbs./ac. Winter Rye	Suitable waterway mix. Canada Bluegrass more drought tolerant, Use Redtop for increased drought tolerance.
5	Switchgrass ^{6,7} or Coastal Panicgrass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Indian Grass	10 10 5 5	0.23 0.23 0.11 0.11 0.1		0			0			Native warm-season mixture. Tolerant of low fertility soils. Drought tolerant. Poor shade tolerance. N fertilizer discouraged - weeds
6	Tall Fescue (turf-type) (Blend of 3 cultivars)	150	3.5	0	Α	0	0	Α	0		Managed filter strip for nutrient uptake.
7	Tall Fescue Ky. Bluegrass (Blend) Perennial Ryegrass	150 20 20	3.5 0.46 0.46	0	Α	0	0	Α	0		Three cultivars of Kentucky Bluegrass. Traffic tolerant.
8	Big Bluestem ⁷ Indian Grass ⁷ Little Bluestem ⁷ Creeping Red Fescue plus one of: Partridge Pea Bush Clover Wild Indigo Showy Tick-Trefoil	10 10 8 30 5 3	0.23 0.23 0.18 0.69 0.11 0.07 0.07	0	A		0	A			All species are native. Indian Grass and Bluestem have fluffy seeds. Plant with a specialized native seed drill. Creeping Red Fescue will provide erosion protection while the warm season grasses get established.

NOTE: Alternative seed mixes may be used with prior approval from the Department or Delegated Agency.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.3 Sheet 2 of 4 Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications Mulching



Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook & Filtrexx™ International	3	DE-ESC-3.4.5
		Sheet 3 of 3
& FilirexxInternational		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications Vegetative Stabilization



DELAWARE EROSION & SEDIMENT

CONTROL

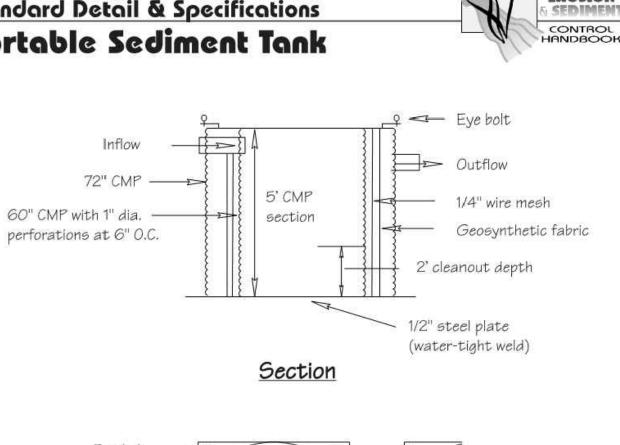
Seeding Mixtures		Seeding Rate ¹		Optimum Seeding Dates ² O = Optimum Planting Period A = Acceptable Planting Period					Remarks		
Mix No.	Certified Seed			Coastal Plain		Piedmont		All ⁴			
	Poorly Drained Soils	lb/Ac	lb/1000	2/1-	5/1-	8/15-	3/1-	5/1-	8/1-	10/31-2/1	
9	Redtop Creeping Bentgrass Sheep Fescue Rough Bluegrass	75 35 30 45	1.72 0.8 0.69 1	O	A	0	o	A	0	Add 100 lbs./ac. Winter Rye	Quick stabilization of disturbed sites and waterways
10	Reed Canalygrass	10	0.23	А		U	А		U		cover and wetland revegetation.
	Residential Lawns	5500			2 - 6					- 110	-
11	Tall Fescue Perennial Ryegrass Kentucky Bluegrass Blend	100 25 30	2.3 0.57 0.69	0	A	0	0	A	0		High value, high maintenance, light traffic, irrigation necessary. Well drained soils, full sun.
12	Tall Fescue Perennial Ryegrass Sheep Fescue	100 25 25	2.3 0.57 0.57	0	Α	0	0	Α	0		Moderate value, low maintenance, traffic tolerant
10	Chewings Fescue Rough Bluegrass Kentucky Bluegrass	50 50 20 20	1.15 0.4 0.4	٥	***	۰	•	*	•		Shade tolerant, moderate traffic tolerance, moderate maintenance.
14	Creeping Red Fescue Rough Bluegrass or	50 90	1.15	0	Α	0	0	Α	0		Shade tolerant, moisture tolerant

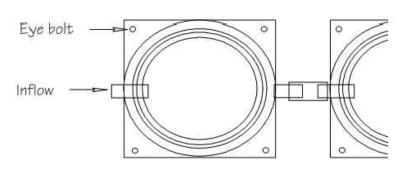
- 1. When hydroseeding is the chosen method of application, the total rate of seed should be increased by 25%. 2. Winter seeding requires 3 tons per acre of straw mulch. Planting dates listed above are average for Delaware. These dates may require adjustment to
- 3. All seed shall meet the minimum purity and minimum germination percentages recommended by the Delaware Department of Agriculture. The maximum % of weed seeds shall be in accordance with Section 1, Chapter 24, Title 3 of the Delaware Code.
- 4. Cool season species may be planted throughout summer if soil moisture is adequate or seeded area can be irrigated. 5. All leguminous seed must be inoculated
- 6. Warm season grass mix and Reed Canary Grass cannot be moved more than 4 times per year. 7. Warm season grasses require a soil temperature of at least 50 degrees in order to germinate, and will remain dormant until then.
- NOTE: Alternative seed mixes may be used with prior approval from the Department or Delegated Agency.

NOTE: PERMANENT SEED MIX SHALL BE DNREC PERMANENT MIX #9 FOR WET GROUND AREAS, AND SEED MIX #12

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.3
		Sheet 3 of 4
		Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications Portable Sediment Tank





Construction Notes:

- Required storage volume = 1 c.f. storage/1 gpm pump discharge.
- Tanks may be connected in series to provide required storage.

Symbol: Source: ST Adapted from MD Stds. & Specs. for ESC

DE-ESC-3.2.1.1 Sheet 1 of 1 Effective FEB 2019

Standard Detail & Specifications Vegetative Stabilization

Construction Notes:

SEDIMENT

CONTROL

1. Site Preparation

- a. Prior to seeding, install needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, dikes, grassed waterways, and sediment basins.
- b. Final grading and shaping is not necessary for temporary seedings.
- Seedbed Preparation

It is important to prepare a good seedbed to insure the success of establishing vegetation. The seedbed should be well prepared, loose, uniform, and free of large clods, rocks, and other objectionable material. The soil surface should not be compacted or crusted.

Soil Amendments

- a. Lime Apply liming materials based on the recommendations of a soil test in accordance with the approved nutrient management plan. If a nutrient management plan is not required, apply dolomitic limestone at the rate of 1 to 2 tons per acre. Apply limestone uniformly and incorporate into the top 4 to 6 inches of soil.
- Fertilizer Apply fertilizer based on the recommendations of a **soil test** in accordance with the approved nutrient management plan. If a nutrient management plan is not required, apply a formulation of 10-10-10 at the rate of 600 pounds per acre. Apply fertilizer uniformly and incorporate into the top 4 to 6 inches of soils.

- a. For temporary stabilization, select a mixture from Sheet 1. For a permanent stabilization, select a mixture from **Sheet 2** or **Sheet 3** depending on the conditions. Alternative seed mixes may be used with prior approval from the Department or Delegated Agency.
- Apply seed uniformly with a broadcast seeder, drill, cultipacker seeder or hydroseeder. All seed will be applied at the recommended rate and planting depth.
- Seed that has been broadcast should be covered by raking or dragging and then <u>lightly</u> tamped into place using a roller or cultipacker. If hydroseeding is used and the seed and fertilizer is mixed, they will be mixed on site and the seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

Mulching

All mulching shall be done in accordance with detail **DE-ESC-3.4.5**.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Delaware ESC Handbook		DE-ESC-3.4.3
		Sheet 4 of 4
		Effective FEB 2019

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ADDENDUM DESCRIPTION

WILDLIFE OF FISH & **DELAWARE DIVISION**

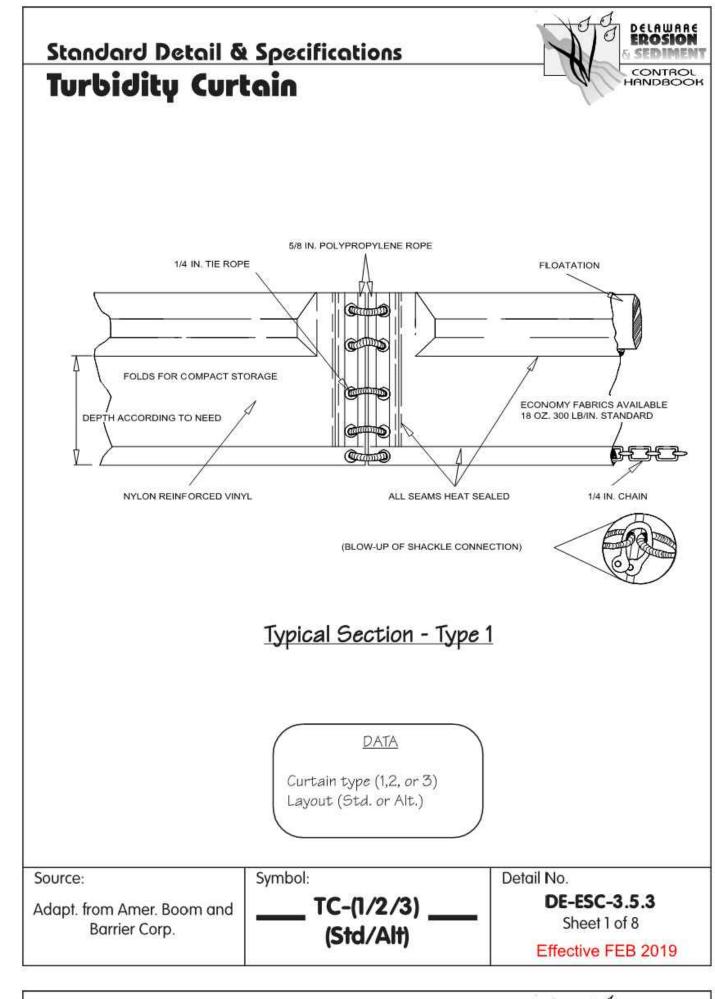
SHEET TITLE

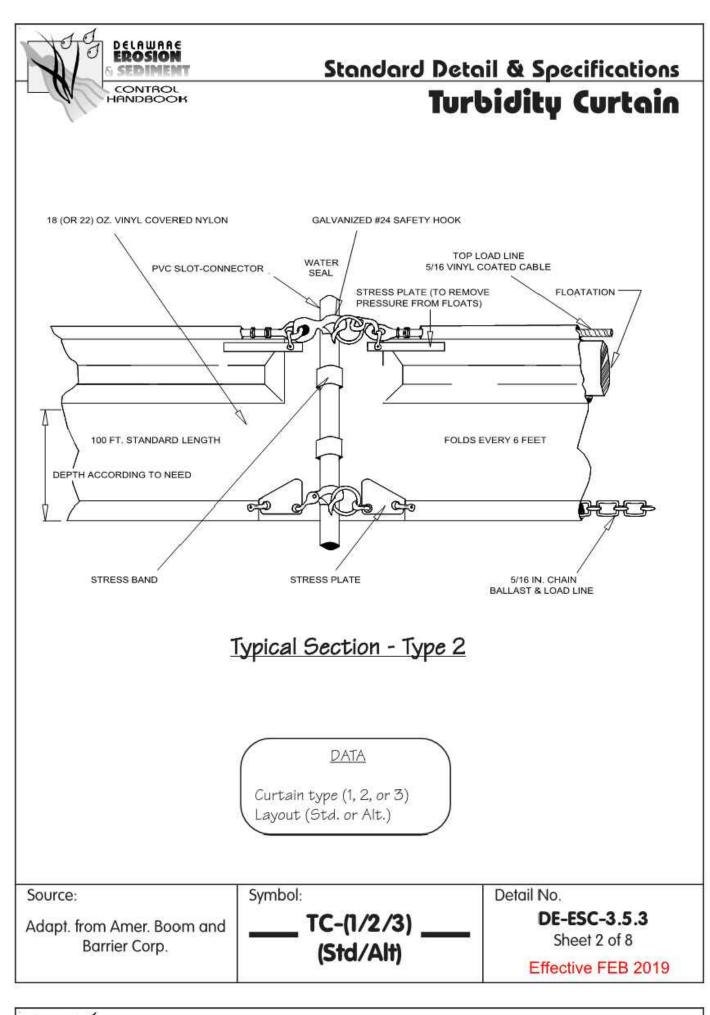
EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

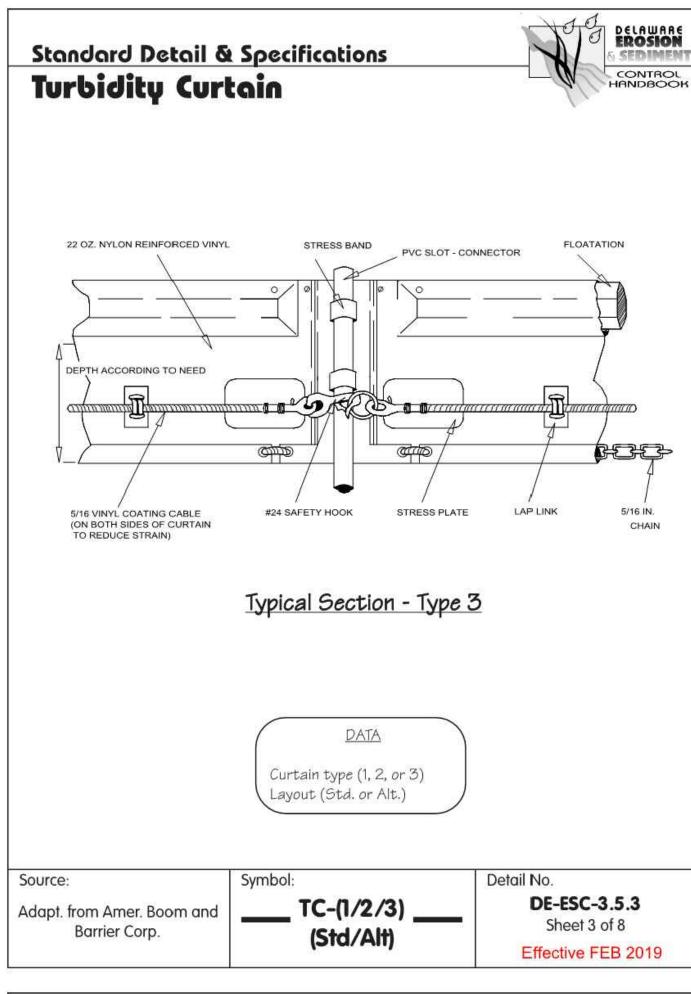
DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE **BID SET** OCTOBER, 2020 CHK'D/DESIGNER **AES**

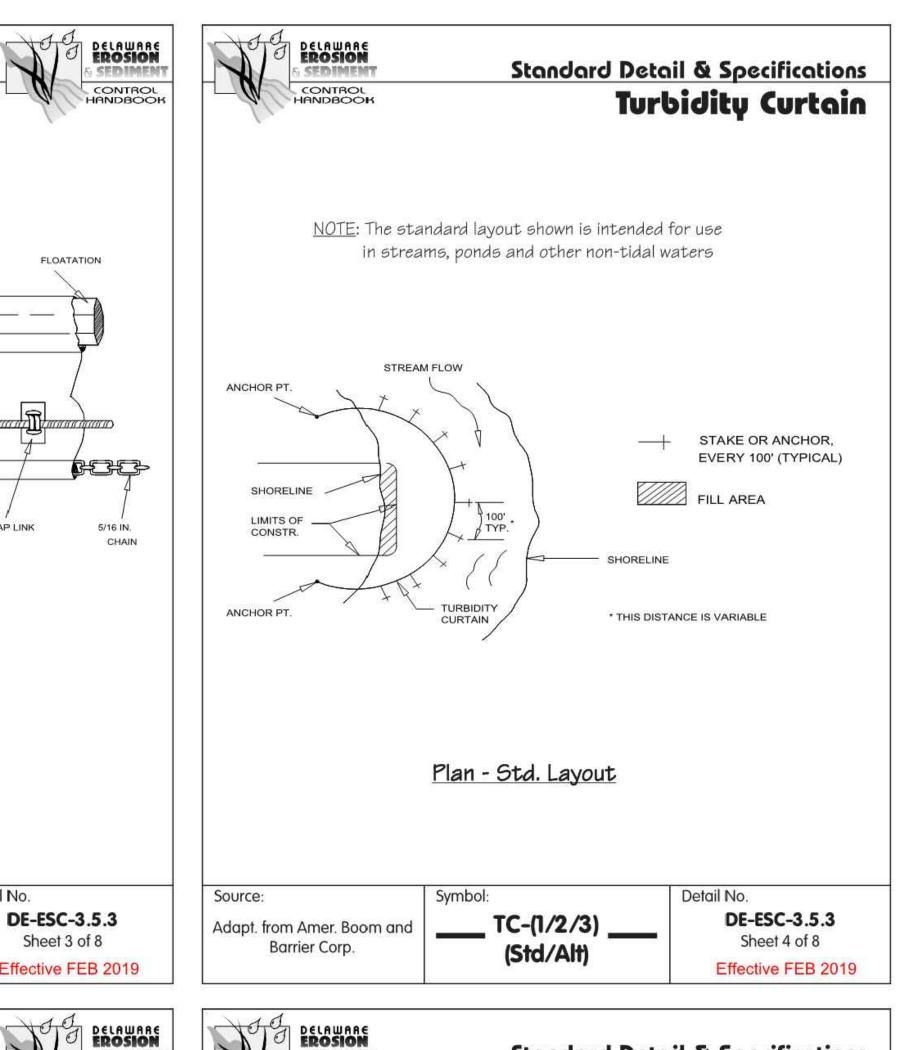
AS NOTED C109 PROJECT NO.

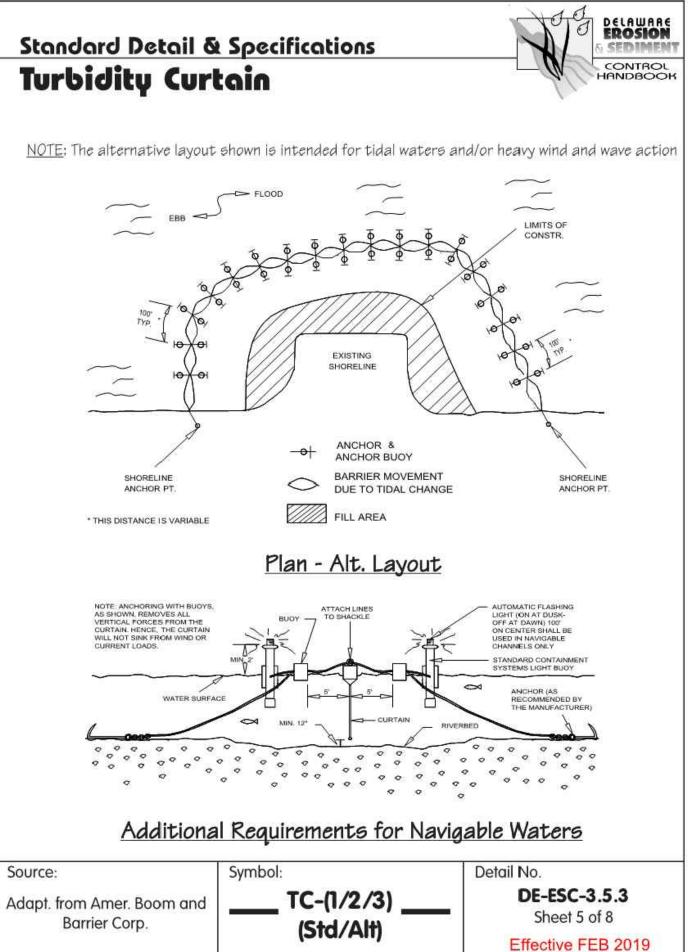
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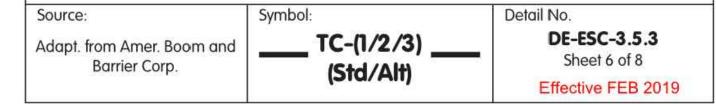






Construction Notes:

- a. Barriers should be a bright color (yellow or "international" orange are recommended) that will attract the attention of nearby boaters.
- The curtain fabric shall meet manufacturer's recommendations for the application. c. Seams in the fabric shall be either vulcanized welded or sewn and shall develop the full
- d. Floatation devices shall be flexible, buoyant units contained in an individual floatation sleeve or collar attached to the curtain. Buoyancy provided by the floatation units shall be sufficient to support the weight of the curtain and maintain a freeboard of at least 3 inches above the water surface level.
- e. Load lines must be fabricated into the bottom of all floating turbidity curtains. Type II and Type III must have load lines also fabricated into the top of the fabric. The top load line shall consist of woven webbing or vinyl-sheathed steel cable and shall have a break strength in excess of 10,000 pounds. The supplemental (bottom) load line shall consist of a chain incorporated into the bottom hem of the curtain of sufficient weight to serve as ballast to hold the curtain in a vertical position. Additional anchorage shall be provided as necessary. The load lines shall have suitable connecting devices which develop the full breaking strength for connection to load lines in adjacent sections as shown in the detail
- External anchors may consist of wooden or metal stakes (2- x 4-inch or 2-1/2-inch minimum diameter wood or 1.33 lbs/linear foot steel) when Type I installation is used; when Type II or Type III installations are used, bottom anchors should be used.
- g. Bottom anchors must be sufficient to hold the curtain in the same position relative to the bottom of the watercourse without interfering withthe action of the curtain. The anchor may dig into the bottom (grappling hook, plow or fluke-type) or may be weighted (mushroom type) and should be attached to a floating anchor buoy via an anchor line. The anchor line should then run from the buoy to the to load line of the curtain. When used with Type III installations, these lines must contain enough slack to allow the buoy and curtain to float freely with tidal changes without pulling the buoy or curtain down and must be checked regularly to make sure they do not become entangled with debris. As previously noted, anchor spacing will vary with current velocity and potential wind and wave action; manufacturer's recommendations should be followed. See detail for orientation of external anchors and anchor buoys for tidal installations.



Standard Detail & Specifications Turbidity Curtain

CONTROL

Construction Notes (cont.)

Installation

- a. In the calm water of lakes or ponds (Type I installation) it is usually sufficient to set the curtain end stakes or anchor points (using anchor buoys if bottom anchors are employed), then tow the curtain in the furled condition out and attach it to the stakes or anchor points. Following this, any additional stakes or buoyed anchors required to maintain the desired location of the curtain may be set and these anchor points made fast to the curtain. Only then shall the furling lines be cut to allow the curtain skirt to drop.
- b. In rivers or in other moving waters (Type II and Type III installations) it is important to set all curtain anchor points. Care must be taken to ensure that anchor points are of sufficient holding power to retain the curtain under the existing current conditions, prior to putting the furled curtain into the water. Anchor buoys should be employed on all anchors to prevent the current from submerging the flotation at the anchor points. If the curtain is being installed into tidal areas which would be subject to currents in both directions, anchors should be provided on both sides of the curtain. This will minimize curtain movement and prevent the curtain from overrunning the anchors during tide reversals. After the anchors have been secured, the furled curtain should be secured to the upstream anchor point and then sequentially attached to each next downstream anchor point until the entire curtain is in position. Before unfurling, the "lay" of the curtain should be assessed and any necessary adjustments made to the anchors. Once the location has been deemed adequate, the furling lines may be cut to allow the skirt to drop.
- c. Anchor lines should be attached to the flotation device, not to the bottom of the curtain. The anchoring line attached to the flotation device on the downstream side will provide support for the curtain. Attaching the anchors to the bottom of the curtain could cause premature failure of the curtain due to the stresses imparted on the middle section of the curtain.
- d. Turbidity curtain shall not be installed across channel flows unless there is a danger of causing sediment deposition to occur in the middle of a watercourse, thereby blocking access or creating a sand bar. In such situations, the curtain may be installed so as to form a long-sided, sharp "V" to deflect clean water around a work site, confining most of the silt-laden water to the work area inside the "V" and directing it to the shoreline. In no case shall the curtain be installed perpendicular to the channel flow.

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.
Adapt. from Amer. Boom and Barrier Corp.	TC-(1/2/3) (Std/Alt)	DE-ESC-3.5.3 Sheet 7 of 8 Effective FEB 2019



Standard Detail & Specifications

Turbidity Curtain

Construction Notes (cont.)

3. Maintenance

- a. The individual(s) identified on the plan as responsible for maintenance of the curtain shall do so for the duration of the project in order to ensure the continuous protection of the
- b. Should repairs to the geotextile fabric become necessary, repair kits are generally available from the manufacturer. The manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure the
- When the curtain is no longer required as determined by the inspector, the curtain and related components shall be removed in such a manner as to minimize turbidity. Remaining sediment shall be sufficiently settled before removing the curtain. Sediment may be removed and the original depth (or plan elevation) restored. Any spoils must be taken to an approved upland disposal area and stabilized in accordance with the approved plan.

- a. Care shall be taken to protect the skirt from damage as the turbidity curtain is dragged from
- b. The site selected to bring the curtain ashore should be free of sharp rocks, broken cement, debris, etc. so as to minimize damage when hauling the curtain over the area.
- c. If the curtain has a deep skirt, it can be further protected by running a small boat along its length with a crew installing furling lines before attempting to remove the curtain from the

Source:	Symbol:	Detail No.	
Adapt. from Amer. Boom and Barrier Corp.	TC-(1/2/3) (Std/Alt)	DE-ESC-3.5.3 Sheet 8 of 8	
Herite Allers Arterior Autorite € State	(SIG/AII)	Effective FEB 2019	

REVISIONS ADDENDUM DESCRIPTION WILDLIFE DELAWARE DIVISION OF FISH & CONSTRUCTION PL SHEET TITLE **EROSION & SEDIMENT**

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BID SET OCTOBER, 2020 CHK'D/DESIGNER **ECM AES AS NOTED** C110 PROJECT NO. 175013.43

CONTROL DETAILS

DIV. OF FISH AND WILDLIFE